McKEAN COUNTY MINER

H. L. BACKUS, Owner. MRS. H. L. BACKUS, Editor TERMS—$2.50 PER YEAR.

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NEW OFFICERS INSTALLED BY BUCKTAILS

THE BUCKTAILS HELD AN INTERESTING MEETING ON MONDAY NIGHT—REFRESHMENTS WERE SERVED.

Dr. Robt. Hamilton assumed charge as Post Commander of the activities of the Bucktails at their regular monthly meeting last Monday night. The other new officers installed were Dr. A. R. Livermore, vice commander; Tony Anderson, finance officer; Earl Lyman, historian; Father Dougherty of Clermont, chaplain; Paul Hallstrom was unanimously elected post adjutant in the place of J. D. Hogarth whose resignation was accepted.

The retiring finance officer, Albert Johnson, reported the addition of a fairly large sum to the surplus in the treasury as reported at last meeting.

A large part of the new funds came from the recent seven-day carnival, held under the auspices of the post. In all less than $100 was realized from this source a sum far below that which had been expected.

An unusual feature of the meeting was the adoption of a committee's report to insure the basketball players representing the post under the name of the Bucktails. The Legion has agreed to stand back of the players to the extent of $240 each, payable in 12 weekly installments in case of total loss of time from injuries received. It is thought that this idea is an innovation in basketball circles.

Plans have been adopted to cooperate with the local Boy Scouts in giving th[illegible] of the work[illegible]tion, esp[illegible]tress. In this work the S[illegible] troop is particularly adept, having received considerable favorable comment from the state department for their activities along this line during the past year. Dr. W. A. Ostrander, as chairman, together with E. G. Potter and Dr. A. R. Livermore, has taken charge of the program of the day. On this occasion Howard Strong, leader of the local patrol, will be formally president with the medal conferred upon him by the Fire Underwriters of America for his essay which won second prize in the state contest.

The K. P.'s furnished fine refreshments, which were more than enjoyed. The "eats" committee for the next meeting have already prepared their menu which promises to set a new record.

MY BIRTHDAY

Santa Barbara, Calif.—I feel sure you will expect me to tell how old I am, but you are mistaken, for although I have been voter for more than two months I still retain some of my womanish characteristics. I am simple going to tell you what I did on my birthday.

Just let me say that I have made a discovery since I came to Santa Barbara. I have found that the sun sleeps in the ocean, and from my bed-room window I see him when he is getting up every morning. Sunday was no exception, and I decided to go out to the little Montecito Church, vine-covered, and almost hidden by the palms and trees about it. There were bushels of white flowers and California holly, also some ropes of evergreen most tastefully arranged in the Church, and, best of all, a spirit of deep reverence seemed to pervade the congregation. My solution of this is that the people who were there went because they really wanted to. A few people from New York, some from Pittsburg, some from Omaha, etc. Montecito is filled with Eastern and Northern people in the winter. The service simple and dignified, fine organ and organist, some good voices in the choir, and almost everyone in the congregation sang. The clergyman (Rector for a number of years) is obliged to use two crutches, but his lack of self-consciousness, and his perfect poise make one forget his infirmity almost immediately. His text was "Christ was born in the days of Herod the king." The Rector said that as the coming of Christ at that time was the one and only thing that saved the Roman Empire from total ruin, so, today, Christ being born again in our hearts this Christmas time, and allowed to remain and rule our lives, is the only thing that will save America.

It is high time that we people who have more or less education culture, chose of us who profess to be Christains took a different stand, on a higher plain, less freedom of speech, more modest dressing, higher moral standard generally, and we must realize that while sinning against society and our neighbor is an indirect sin against God, eglect of public worship and of the Sacraments is a direct sin against Him who gave us life.

Having invited two snow-white-haired Omaha women to dine with me at 12:45 and their not appearing, I sent for them at 10 o'clock and when they came in and leisurely removed their things one of them said "I said to sister that no one but Mrs. McCandless would be thoughtful enough to send for us," we were just going to put our things on giving us time to reach your cottage at the dinner. I let it go at that.

At 4 o'clock I ordered my suffrage wagon, and took one of the most wonderful rides this uniquely beautiful Santa Barbara offers to her adorers. The mountain-drive possible only in dry weather, as it is a dirt road, just wide enough for one vehicle, and necessarily a one way street I haven't big enough soul, nor have I adequate use of language to do justice to this drive. I will only say that it awakens interest in engineering, and that it awes and charms one alternately.

The curves are so sharp that the car in its circuit looks like a pair of scissorsc uting out an intricate piece of embroidery. Here and there one sees an Acascia tree loaded with golden blooms, and the wild Lilac into bud, which will be a glory soon. Now and again one gets a glimpse of the ocean, grand, but restless like the folks of this period. I finished my ride by taking the Channel drive and saw the sun go to bed and its good night full of promise for a bright new day, as well as of eternal life was a benediction.

Emma Hamlin McCandless.

Mr. Harold Lemmler left Thursday for Bogalusa, Louisiana, where he has a position with the Great Southern Lumber Company. Mr. Lemmler is one of Smethport's most popular young men, and the miner wishes to extend its best wishes for his success in his new home.

SMALL FIRE AT THE HOME OF MR. GUSTAF ENGSTROM

About 11 o'clock Thursday morning Everett Engstrom, the six year old son of Gustaf Engstrom of Green street, startled his sister Beatrice, and grandmother Mrs. Bloomberg, by scream of fire!

The child had been searching for his Christmas presents, and in exploring a dark clothes press, had dropped a lighted match into a box of clothing. This promptly took fire, and before it could be extinguished quite an amount of clothing including the boys new Chrismas suits had been destroyed.

Beatrice Engstrom, in trying to put out the fire was slightly burned on the arm and her hair was singed. It is a very fortunate occurence that the little boy was not badly burned

TO HAVE SMALL GYM,

Under the leadership of C. L. Lorah, about twenty young men of the highway department office and the community have worked out plans for a small gymnasium where they may set up a ring for the practice of the manly art of self-defence and lay out a mat for wrestling. Part of the first floor of the barn on the Brownell property on King street is to be used for this purpose. Gas connections will be made for lighting and heating

The young men are to be commended for their enterprise. Some day (we hope) the whole community will realize the need of a real place for the systematic physical training of its members and, regardless of the financial outlay, will rise to meet that need.

The new project should be successful in every way. In the first place, the idea is right, and in the second, it would be hard to find a person better fitted for the position of director, than Mr. Lorah, whose long experience with various forms of athletics in college and since makes him familiar with all the needs of the position.

FARM BUREAU TO HOLD BIG CAMPAIGN

On Saturday January 8th the McKean County Farm Bureau opens their campaign for 500 new members. The Farm Bureau is in need of funds.

On Dec. 31st farmers from the different townships met at the Farm Bureau office in Smethport appointed township leaders to solicit farmers to become members of the Farm Bureau by paying an annual dues of two dollars.

The work of the Farm Bureau is explained by its president as follows.

"Our National and State Governments have done great things in the past by their investigations and experimental work to help the farmer to a more scintific and practical knowledge of his profession. Of many methods to get this knowledge to the farming population, the County Farm Bureau has proven to be far the most efficient.

"McKean County has already derived great benefits during the few years it had its Farm Bureau organization and agent, as evidenced by the dairy, wool, blooded sires, improved stock, potato demonstrations and Boys and Girls Clubs and yet it only has 92 members to-day where there ought to be 900.

"The state and Federal Government pays the salary of the Farm Bureau Agent and the County contributes $1,500 each year towards the expenses. There is needed at least $1,000 more to carry on the work that needs to be done to make the work of the bureau thoroughly effective.

"Every farmer in the County has the privelege of consulting Mr. P. S. Crossman, the Farm Bureau Agent, at time about any Farm problems, but we suspect most of them hesitate to for help because they have neglected to become members. We need the influence and co-operative of all for the greatest good of all hence the campaign for $2.00 per year membership. This is an investment that will pay bigger dividends than the Standard Oil ever did.

"The Bureau has paid handsomely on its investment, even if poorly sustained financially—with 500 members helping and getting help—its value will be immensely increased.

These benefits are not alone to the farmer but the banker and the business men as well and their cooperative will be sought."

In order to secure 500 members the sign up as following members.

Ceres	53
Foster	33
Otto	10
Annin	45
Norwich	17
Sergeant	16
Lafayett	17
Bradford	28
Corydon	12
Hamilton	8
Eldred	65
Hamlin	40
Keating	53
Liberty	57
Wetmore	63

Frank Hackett is leader for Keating Township, George Bayer for Norwich and Albert Anderson for Sergeant.

GOBS DEFEATED BY DOUGHBOYS

Third time and deciding basketball game between the Gobs and Dougboys in the American Legion here resulted in a victory for the latter, and definitely settled the question of the superiority of the two. The score of the game which was played on Dec. 23, was 30-19.

The Gobs had the help of Thompson of Betula, and the Doughboys made use of Robert McCarty and William Howe, two students home from college for their Christmas vacations. Otherwise the line-ups of the two teams were composed largely of members of the Bucktail Post squad

As usual, spirit was high and fight marked every play. The Doughboy line-up, however, clearly were superior and held the advantage from the very start. The score at the end of the first 20-minute period stood 12-9 in favor of the finally victorious team.

Stop! Look! Loosen! Tomorrow night, Friday, January 7th the Duke Center basketball team will be here.

Pleads for Europe's Helpless Children

"They are no more my children than yours," is Herbert Hoover's homely yet eloquent plea for 3,500,000 European children who face incredible tragedy this winter unless America comes to their rescue. The funds by which American aid has been feeding millions have run out, and that the work may not stop and thus precipitate what would amount to "a massacre of the innocents" seven other great American relief organizations have united with Mr. Hoover's organization under the name of the European Relief Council in a joint appeal for funds. The collaborating agencies are the American Red Cross, the American Friends' Service Committee (Quakers), the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, the Federal Churches of Christ in America, the Knights of Columbus, the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A.

BUCKTAILS LOSE THEIR FIRST GAME

Kane's American Legion team, which also represents the Y. M. C. A. of that place proved to be too much for the newly organized Bucktail Post team of this place and won handily from the latter in their first appearance of the year last Thursday evening by a score of 42-30. There was no question as to the superiority of the visitors, but at no point in the game were they given an easy time of it.

The visiting team was made up of seasoned visitors several being old college stars, as in the case of McNulty and G. Engstrom. The other members of the team also played the floor games for years with each other so that they had ample opportunity to develop the team work which was too much for the local boys.

The Bucktails considering all circumstances, made a good showing in their first appearance and for promise of acquitting themselves this season with just credit. They could hardly have picked more formidable opponents for their first game, especially considering the fact that the recent carnival had interfered largely with the usual practices. The old schedule of practice has gone back into force again and improved team work will undoubtedly result.

McDermott showed up especially well at center; holding his man scoreless, he himself rang in five for a count of ten points. Hull and Ball stood next in the scoring with four apiece. McNutty was high gun for the evening with 8 baskets, and Thompson contributed seven.

Manager Denning is negotiating with several teams for a game this week, and undoubtedly notices will appear to that effect shortly.

Kane

Thompson, F. Bovard, F; G. Engstrom, C.; McNutty, G; Nelson, G;

Smethport:

Ball, F; R. Engstrom, F; McDermott, C; Hull, G; BusAh, G.

Field goals—Thompson 7, Bovard 2, McNutty 8, Nelson1, Robertson1, Ball 4, R. Engstrom 1, McDermott 5, Hull 4.

Free throws—Thompson 4; Hull 2

Substitution— Robertonson for Nelson.

Scored end of first period—Kane 19; Smethport 10.

Time of periods—20 minutes.

On next Thursday evening, January 13th, the Bradford Y. M. C. A. will meet this team. It is humored that the Bradford boys are fast.

DEATH OF MRS. O'BRIEN

Mrs. M. P. O'Brien passed away Dec 23rd at 11 o'clock p.m. From the time she had a severe stroke of paralysis on Monday until her death occurred Thursday evening little hope had been entertained for her recovery.

She was born in Camden, N. Y. in 1863 her parents were Mr. and Mrs. James Harrington, she was married in 1892 to M. P. O'Brien, who with his three daughters, Mrs. Elmer Quirk, Marie and Winifred O'Brien of this place survive her. She had lived eight years in Smethport, and had made many friends. She was a woman of splendid character, an earnest Christian, a devoted wife and mother and a loyal neighbor.

Mass was held in the St. Elizabeth Church Monday at 9 a.m. by Father Gonter, a nephew of M. P O'Brien. Interment was in Rose Hill Cemetery.

Out of town relatives present were Mrs. Kate Scott, Mr. Pat Fitzgerald, Mr. John O'Brien and son, of Wellsville, N. Y., Mrs Chas. Hartley and Miss Anna Driscoll, of Cuba, N. Y., Mrs. Carmody and daughter Gertrude, Mr. John Fitzgerald of Bradford, Pa., Mr. and Mrs. D. P. McCarthy and daughter Margaret, of Buffalo, N.Y

PENN STATE ALUMNI TO EXTEND ORGANIZATION

State College, Pa., Jan. 6.—Plans for greatly extending the activities of the Pennsylvania State College Alumni Association will be discussed at a conference of prominent members to be held here on Saturday, January 15. Each Pennsylvania county will be represented in what is expected to be the beginning of a 100 per cent alumni organization in the state. The conference has been called by the association board of managers and will be one of the best of its kind ever held at State College. Each district alumni club in the state will be represented by one of its officers, and in unorganized counties a prominent alumnus has been selected with the view towards greater organization of Penn State men and women for general college benefit.

Penn State ranks high among colleges and universities with its alumni organization. At the present time over 50 per cent of the graduates are active members. Of the 4470 living graduates, 2800 are residents of Pennsylvania. Twelve thousand of the 20,000 former students are Pennsylvanians, and most of these are eligible for association membership. About 65 association members will take part in the conference.

YOUNG COUPLE HAPPILY MARRIED

A quiet little home wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Want, Sunday afternoon December 26, at 4 o'clock, when Miss Ruth Hunter, daughter of Mrs. Della Hunter, was given in marriage to Harold Richard Boothe, formerly of Coleville, but who is now located at Smethport, being employed by A. Hyatt.

The ceremony was read by the Rev. Arthur Gregson in the absence of the bride's minister, Rev. Noble I. Mack.

The beautiful ring service being used. The bride was attended by Miss Florence Oakley and Mr. A. Peterson of Mt. Jewett was groom's man. They marched in to the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march.

After the ceremony Mrs. Want served a delightful lunch of chicken salad, sandwiches, pickles, ice cream and cake and coffee.

The guests were Mrs. Della Hunter, Miss Florence Oakley, Miss Mary Hartson, Miss Ruth Rice, Harriet Want, and Mr. A. Peterson of Mt. Jewett.

The bride is one of Smethport's most popular young ladies and has many friends to wish her happiness. She was employed at C. E. Masser's hardware store as bookkeeper and clerk for several years.

The United States government is giving free dental treatment to ex-soldiers, sailors, marines and army nurses for the correction of dental conditions acquired during or aggravated by their military service.

For further information apply to Dr. C. E. Long, 218 Main street, Smethport, Pa. adv1w1

GAY HOLIDAY WEEK

Numerous social functions chiefly in the form of dancing parties made the week between Christmas and New Year's particularly enjoyable. There was some form of entertainment on the program in Smethport for every night in the week, and in addition near-by towns also extended invitations to many.

On Monday the Misses Ruth and Nancy Koesler entertained a large party of the younger set at dancing in Quirk's Hall. Music was furnished by Quirk's orchestra, and refreshments were served.

Miss Mirabel Hamlin and Miss Grace Olmstead gave a dancing party on Wednesday evening. Music furnished by Mrs. W. P. Mitchell and Francis Quirk.

On Thursday evening Mr. and Mrs. Scott F. Redfield gave their dance to a large number. Especially fine music was furnished by five pieces, sent by Joe Houghton of Olean. The young men were artists and their efforts resulted in some of the best music ever provided dancers here

About one hundred were entertained Friday evening by the Misses Vera, Edna, Theo and Estelle Freeman. The hall was beautifully decorated by the hostesses. Mrs. W. P. Mitchell and Francis Quirk provided the music.

The same evening several Smethport dancers attended balls at Emporium and Mt. Jewett.

EAST SMETHPORT CHILD POISONED

On Wednesday, December 29th, the 26-month-old son of A. Green of East Smethport was accidentally poisoned by taking strychnine pills. It is thought that the little one ate only one 30th [illegible]

were two o[illegible]

had been [illegible]s.

Dr. Hamilton was [illegible]n-ed and found the ch[illegible]us condition, having one [illegible]fter another. He however, [illegible]ed to the doctor's treatment and at present is almost well again.

H. S. STARTS BASKETBALL

The high school basketball squad got under way last night in preparation for a season of from 13 to 15 games which will take up the better part of ten weeks. The high school put both a girl's and a boy's team into the field and sufficient material is in hand to give promise of good organizations.

Manager Wm. Gallup has already signed contracts with Shingelhouse, Eldred, Coudersport and Westbrook's Academy of Olean for two games each. He is in communication with Ludlow, Sheffield and Johnsonburg and should have his schedule complete shortly Lenard Curran is acting-captain.

Miss Kathryn Hungerford is arranging the schedule of the girl's team. Games have already been secured with the Eldred and Johnsonburg teams.

SMETHPORT ACTRESS AGAIN APPEARS.

Smethport admirers of Mrs. Lucy Seger were again pleased to see this clever actress on the screen in the play "Clothes" Friday evening at the Star Theater. Mrs Seger's acting has the charm of apearing purely natural. Her smile, her every gesture are exactly like those she uses in every day life. She as much her really self on the screen as she is to her intimate friends.

THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Morning worship, 10.30, sermon subject, "Learning to Pray" Sunday school, 11:45; Junior Epworth League, 3:00; evening service 7:30, singing by the junior choir. Wednesday 7:30 p.m. prayer and parise service.

The Sunday school offering for the relief of the children of the near east amounted to $160. Just now we are busy enrolling members to the American White Cross, a Methodist organization having for its object the care of Protestant orphan children. Our motto for 1921, "Serve God and Be Cheerful."

CARD OF THANKS

I wish to thank my neighbors and friends for kindness, flowers and letters of sympathy during my recnt bereavement.

MRS. ROSA E. PRATT.

A HAPPY

and

Prosperous

New Year

Hallstrom Bros.

"HARDWARE GIFTS ARE USEFUL GIFTS"

\NING and

PRESSING

We will give you a run for your money if you'll give us a run for your business. That's a fair exchange all right and sure that's worth the trying.

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That is the kind of work we do, and the kind of paper we use.

Use More Printed Salesmanship. Ask us.

THERE IS FOOD

for thought in the fact that all of our used cars but one have been sold. It is a six cylinder, five-passenger, Studebaker touring car in good condition, with five good tires. We will sell at a bargain in order to clean up. Ask for a demonstration.

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SMETHPORT FOLKS

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Auditor's Report

OF KEATING TOWNSHIP ROAD FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 1, 1920.

Audited at Hamlin Bank Dec. 6-11, 1920, at Smethport, Pa

Receipts.

E. E. CURTIS, Secretary and Treasurer, Dr.

To amount recd. from balance of 1919, Auditor's Report (cash in bank)	$ 200.85	
To amount recd. from Collector Rice on 1915, 18 and 20 tax duplicates	5549.36	
To amount recd. from County Treas. Potter	2278.53	
To amount recd. from County Treas. McCann	320.57	
To amount recd. from use of traction engine	131.00	
To amount recd. from sale of coal	8.19	
To amount recd. from road bond taxes	1369.37	
	$9009.80	$9009.80

Credits.

By paid Road Masters C. H. Curtis	332.00	
By paid Road Masters N. U. Hyde	342.00	
By paid Road Masters Fred Hewitt	148.00	
By paid Road Masters J. H. Crawford	28.00	
By paid Road Masters L. W. Thomas	4.00	
	754.00	754.00
By paid team work C. H. Curtis	366.00	
By paid team work N. U. Hyde	112.25	
By paid team work Fred Hewitt	423.00	
	901.25	901.25
By paid labor C. H. Curtis	865.50	
By paid labor N. U. Hyde	106.00	
By paid labor Fred Hewitt	253.50	
	1223.00	1223.00
By paid traction engine C. H. Curtis	274.00	
By paid traction engine N. U. Hyde	137.50	
By paid traction engine Fred Hewitt	176.50	
	588.00	588.00
By paid for supervisors attending convention	6.00	
By paid for stationery, telephone and office supplies	11.90	
By paid for hardware	30.01	
By paid for loans from Hamlin Bank	1398.95	
By paid for lumber	2.50	
By paid for conveyance and auto hire	88.50	
By paid for gasoline and oil	245.55	
By paid for printing and auditing	182.60	
By paid for new road machines	450.00	
By paid for freight and drayage	100.83	
By paid for coal and fuel	68.40	
By paid for collector's fees	207.33	
By paid for secretary and treasurer's salaries	637.10	
By paid for water troughs	4.00	
By paid for rent of land for building to house road machines	40.00	
By paid for blacksmithing and repairs	333.57	
By paid for interest on bonds	710.55	
By paid for bonds	300.00	
By paid for attorney's fees	81.75	
	5084.64	5084.64
To balance amount in Hamlin Bank December 1, 1920		401.83
To balance amount in Hamlin Bank December 1, 1920 road bonds		52.14
		$9009.86

H. J. Rice, Collector in account with Keating Township.

DR.

To amount due from Collector Rice on 1916 tax duplicate with 5 per cent added to taxes after October 1, 1918	$7.98	$7.98

CR.

By amount paid on 1918 tax duplicate with 5 per cent added	$7.98	$7.98

DR.

To amount due from Collector Rice on 1919 tax duplicate, 5 per cent added	793.76	793.76

CR.

By amount paid on 1919 tax duplicate with 5 per cent added	793.76	793.76

DR.

To amount due from Collector Rice on 1920 tax duplicate	6027.54	
To amount due from Collector Rice on 1920 tax duplicate being 5 per cent penalty added after October 1, 1920	30.06	
	6057.51	6057.51

CR.

By amount paid on 1920 tax duplicate with 5 per cent discount	4395.77	
By amount paid as 6 per cent discount alld. taxpayers to June 1st	231.38	
By amount paid on 1920 taxes collected at par	625.40	
By amount paid on 1920 taxes collected with 6% added	310.32	
By amount of 1920 tax exonerations	53.48	
By amount due from Collector Rice on 1920 tax duplicate with 5% added to balance	641.18	6057.51

DR.

To amount of 1920 bond duplicate	1506.86	
To amount of 5% penalty added to bond taxes after Oct. 1	11.34	
	1518.20	1518.20

CR.

By amount paid on 1920 bond duplicate, 5% discount	1039.09	
By amount of 5% discount allowed taxpayers to June 1st	57.49	
By amount paid on 1920 bond duplicate at par	94.10	
By amount paid on 1920 bond duplicate with 5% added to taxes after Oct. 1, 1920	26.75	
By amount of exonerations allowed on bond taxes	13.55	
	1230.01	
By amount due from Collector Rice on 1920 bond duplicate with 5% added to balance	288.19	
	1518.20	1518.20

LIABILITIES OF KEATING TOWNSHIP

Outstanding bonds	13500.00
Outstanding orders	432.66
Loans from Hamlin Bank	2025.00
Interest on loans from Hamlin Bank	244.50
Outstanding bills	939.66
Amount due state for new road construction	3211.67
	20353.37 20353.37

RESOURCES OF KEATING TOWNSHIP

Amount due from Collector Rice on 1920 tax duplicates including 5% added after October 1, 1920	879.37
Amount of cash in Hamlin Bank	401.83
Amount due from County Treasurer McCann on 1920 unseated tax duplicate	1466.36
Amount of Cash in Hamlin Bank from bond fund	52.14
Amount due from County Treasurer McCann from unseated land bond taxes	370.81
	3169.51
Liabilities in excess of resources	17183.86
	20353.37 20353.37

Keating Township Road Supervisors have on hand three traction engines valued at $4000 and road drags valued at $1000 if sold the cash would be considered a resource.

We the auditors of Keating Township, having examined the accounts of Treasurer E. E. Curtis and Collector H. J. Rice do find them as above stated and herewith attach our hand and seal.

CHAS. T. FREDERICK,
URBAN FAY,
S. D. CRAWFORD,
Auditors.

At Hamlin Bank, December 16, 1920.

Let Us Be Your Business Partner

Your partner has a knowledge of your business and you look to him for advice and counsel on important matters. You are entitled to all the help he can give you.

Do you get a partner's help on your printed matter? Do you get the most from the specialized knowledge which we have regarding printing and paper, and above all the service which a combination of the two can render?

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The Utility Business Paper

Let Us Serve You as a Partner

LODGE DIRECTORY

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge, No. 383, meets on the first Wednesday of each month, at 7:30 p.m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

EARL R. GALLUP, W. M.
W. F. SPECHT, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

Smethport Lodge, No. 389, meets Friday evenings at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. Will work initiatory degree first meeting of each month; 1st degree on second; 2nd degree on third, and 3rd degree on fourth meetings.

DR. W. A. OSTRANDER, N.G.
JOHN B. OVIATT, V. G.
R. C. GLEASON, Sec.
EARL GALLUP, G. Sec.

I. O. O. F.

Smethport Encampment, No. 273, meets the first and third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.

J. A. JOHNSTON, C. P.
J. A. SWANSON, S

Ideal Rebekah Lodge, No. 63

Meets the 1st and 3rd Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock, in the I. O. O. F. Hall.

ALICE DEGIL, N. G.
KATHERINE LEMMLER, Sec'y

P. H. C.

Smethport Branch, No. 25, meets on every Tuesday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.

MARGARETT GERRETT Pres.
ANNA O. STARK, Secretary.

P. of H.

Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday evenings in each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.

A. A. ABBEY, W. M.
ANNA O. STARK, Secretary.

Phoenix Chapter, No. 15, O. E. S.

Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays of each month at 8 p.m., in I. O. O. F. Hall.

MARION G. POTTER, W. M.
ED. DRAKE, W. P.
MRS. DRAKE, Secretary.

MILLINERY FOR ALL

Always find something here that pleases. The season's choicest offering or the "emergency" hat that must be secured in a short time. We cordially welcome you at any time and are ever ready to fill your desires in the line of seasonable millinery.

CARRIE CLARK.

The MINER six months for a dollar to new subscribers only.

Plows 8 to 10 acres a day. It turns in a 12-foot circle and operates well in orchards and places where space is restricted.

It's pulley belt gives 20 h. p. for stationary work, as filling silos, cutting ensilage, etc.

It is fast replacing teams for work around factories and on oil and gas leases.

We are glad to demonstrate it at any time.

Smethport Garage Co.

Smethport Pa.

DRUGS!

Yes, and we carry a full line.

PERFUMES, STATIONERY, LEATHER GOODS and KODAKS a Specialty

H. C. WELLS

DRUG STORE

HAMMERMILL BOND

COME TO US FOR PRINTING

That Sells Goods

NEWS OF THE SECTION

and Exchange Clippings

CHRISTMAS AIR RIFLES A MENACE

Christmas air guns have been considerably in evidence in Kane during the week and Chief of Police Losey, acting upon complaint from a Janeway resident, yesterday confiscated one which the youthful owner had been handling in a dangerous manner.

It is alleged that as the boy was passing along the street he encountered a girl who was sweeping snow from the sidewalk in front of her home. He is said to have fired the gun at her and when told to desist retorted in a bold and saucy manner. when the instance was related to her mother the latter called the police.

There is an ordinance forbidding the firing of air rifles in the city and warning is given all boys who possess air rifles that the guns will be confiscated if they are used within the borough limits.

That Kane is not the only borough where the air rifle menace exists is shown by the following from the Warren Mirror.

"The little McClellan boy, son of Mr and Mrs. A. J. McClellan of North Warren, had a narrow escape from serious injury Sunday morning in the store of A. I. Rickerson. He had been presented with an air rifle for Christmas and had taken it into the store to show it to one of his playmates. The little girl picked up the gun and pointing at the lad fired the B B shot which lodged in the boy's lower lip. He was taken to the doctor where the shot was removed and he is getting along very nicely today."—Kane Republican.

DR. D. E. KNEECE.

Bradford, Pa., Dec. 31.—The board of directors of the Bon Air sanatorium at Bells Camp, near this city, met yesterday and elected Dr. B. E. Kneece of Columbia, S. C., to succeed the late Dr. O. F. Kunkel, who died at the sanatorium several weeks ago of tuberculosis, the dread disease that he had for years fought.

Dr. Kneece was born at Batesburg, S. C., and studied medicine at Armory university at Atlanta, Ga., graduating from that institution in 1917. He later joined the army as a commissioned medical officer. After his discharge in January, 1919, he served with the South Carolina state board of health.

MRS. ANN JONES DEAD

Mother of Congressman E. J. Jones of this City

Word has been received in Bradford of the death in Utica, N. Y., of Mrs. Ann Jones, widow of Arthur E. Jones, and mother of Congressman E. J. Jones of this city. Mrs. Jones had often visited her son in this city, and was affectionately known to her friends as "Grandma" Jones.

Mrs. Jones was born in Wales 70 years ago. Her husband, also a native of Wales, died 31 years ago. Mrs. Jones is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Fay Billings with whom she made her home in Utica; one son, Congressman Jones of this city, and nine grandsons, four of whom are Congressman Jones' sons the other five being sons of Mrs. Billings.

The funeral took place in Shamokin, Shamokin, Pa., last Sunday afternoon. —Bradford ERA.

REV O. T. ANDERSON.

Kane, Pa., Dec.30—The Rev. O. T. Anderson of Washington, D. C has accepted a call to the Congregational church here, it was anounced yesterday. He will assume his new duties January 2. The Rev. Mr. Anderson has been engaged in Y. M. C A. war work both overseas and in this country several years.

FIRST DEER ARRIVES FOR GAME PRESERVE

To Propagate Wild Animals in Forest Near Warren.

Warren, Pa., Dec. 30—The first deer, to be liberated in the new game preserve arrived here by express yesterday and were taken to the edge of the preserve and liberated. A herd of 60 deer is expected in a few days and will also be given freedom.

Beaver are being placed in the streams in the preserve.

The preserve consists of more than 16,000 acres in Warren and Forest counties. The land will be carefully patroled and every chance will be given to the game to propagate. The idea of this preserve originated with the late Joseph Kalbfus, who, when secretary of the state game commission, urged a law allowing the use of state funds and money derived from fines for violations of games law as a means of opening preserves.

The preserve winds around Warren and Forest counties and follows many small streams that will afford plenty of water for wood life. In the center of the preserve will be a wired sanctuary into which animals may flee from hunters. Hunters inside of the sanctuary will be prohibited. Wardens will be put to work guarding the preserve and dogs will be kept out

FOUND DEAD IN ROOM; PNEUMONIA THE CAUSE

Olean, Dec. 31.—John Bulger, 39 years old, a traveling salesman for a music house of New York, was found dead in a room in a North First street boarding house yesterday afternoon. The landlady found his body when she went to make up the room. Coroner Eugene B. Burdick, who was notified, ordered the body taken to the H. H. Helwig undertaking establishment where a post mortem examination took place. Death was due to pneumonia, decided the coroner. Relatives in New York were notified and a brother was expected to come here today.

MILK PRICE HERE DOWN TWO CENTS

Announcement was made by the Kane Dairy Co-perative Association that on and after January 1 the price of milk will be 13 cents per quart, 7 cents per pint delivered. This is a reduction of to cents per quart. It has always been the custom of the association to sell milk at the Chase street plant one cent under the price charged when same is delivered from the wagon. This will make the price at the plant 12 cents.

The association sells only pasteurized milk.—Bradford Era.

A bold attempt of highway robbery took place at Johnsonburg Sunday night about 11:30 when a man confronted John Mann, a merchant, with a revolver while he was on his way home on Cobb street. He failed to secure any booty. Evidently he was an amateur in the work as he fled when Mr. Mann failed to deliver his money and raised an alarm just as a couple was approaching nearby. The supposition is that some one well acquainted with Mr. Mann, and a resident of that place held him up.—Elk County Gazette

GET YOUR MAGAZINES NOW—ORDER FROM MRS. H. L. BACKUS

FAMOUS CHIMES RING AGAIN

Bells of St. Clements, in Old London, Appeal to Children, as in the Olden Days.

"Oranges and Lemons" rang out on the old bells of St. Clements on the last day of March on an evening as fine as any during the finest winter London has ever known. The bells rang, but few heard them, prevented by the roar of the Strand traffic. It was the first time the old nursery rhyme had been rung out from the steeple for a very long while. Some hundreds of school children, who had been invited to attend the church, filed out at the close in small processions, piloted across the streams of traffic by the London policemen. Every child carried an orange or a lemon, a gift which made up to them for the faint tones in which the voices of the old bells reached their ears. Down the streets with the historic names running from the Strand to the Thames, St. Clements music was more audible, the sound carrying over the noise and roar, and into the offices where anybody, with a turn of mind for antiquity, has but to throw open his window to hear the sound of a bell cast in the year of the Spanish armada.

MAKE HOME MORE EFFICIENT

One of Popular Projects in Counties in Which Home Demonstration Agents Assist.

Increased home efficiency is one of the popular projects in the counties in which home demonstration agents are maintained by the United States department of agriculture and the agricultural colleges. Last year 166 counties in the North and West carried on county-wide campaigns for increased home efficiency, and 1,077 farm families in the same territory were assisted during that time in rearranging farmhouse or kitchen as an important first step in efficient housekeeping.

In the 15 Southern states last year 1,163 new houses were built according to plans advised by the home demonstration agents, 2,376 remodeled, and 26,811 labor-saving devices made or purchased.

CARE IN WASHING ALUMINUM

Metal Does Not Tarnish Easily in Ordinary Use, but Caution Must Be Used in Cleaning.

Aluminum does not tarnish easily in ordinary use, but one caution should be observed in cleaning. Alkalis discolor aluminum; therefore it should not be washed with strong soap, nor should scouring powders containing free alkali be used on it. *Discoloration on aluminum may be* rubbed off with whiting or fine steel wool (grade 00), or dissolved by the acid in vinegar, or by dilute oxalic acid. These acids must be thoroughly washed off the aluminum. Some special preparations for cleaning aluminum are on the market.

All Around the House

Use a pitcher to fill small jelly glasses.

* * *

Embroider an arrow-head design over the runner in your silk stocking.

* * *

A plain, slightly salted, crisp cracker goes better with ice cream than anything else.

* * *

Put pockets on the inside of aprons near the outer edge and they will not catch on door knobs and get torn.

GOOD ROADS

BUILDING OF BETTER ROADS

Highway Educational Work Extending Its Scope in Various Sections of the Country.

The extent to which the people of the United States are committing themselves to a definite policy of highway development is shown by reports reaching the federal highway council from all sections of the country.

In the face of high cost for both materials and labor, and the fact that in some states construction programs must be altered somewhat to meet existing labor and material conditions, there is no tendency upon the part of the people to slow down in their plans to place the nation's highways upon a higher plane in the country's transportation system. Tersely stated, "they are sold to the basis" on the proposition to construct highways that will release rather than restrict traffic, and they are dismissing labor and material problems with curt instructions to their official servants that it is up to them to deliver the roads.

A curious fact in connection with construction problems at the present moment is that the building of roads is seriously hindered by the same evil which they are designed to remove—lack of transportation. According to authoritative information, production is halted to a greater degree by inadequate transportation facilities than by labor shortage. At least this is true, it is claimed, in the production of materials for road building.

Highway officials—state and county as well as national—are facing their duties with patience and tact, and out of a maze of trying situations construction is going ahead at a fairly satisfactory rate. But as Paul D. Sargent, state highway engineer of Maine

Good Roads Enable Farmer to Market His Crops With Least Possible Expense.

and president of the American Association of Highway Officials, pointed out in a meeting at Philadelphia recently, when the people finally decide to authorize the development of any particular road project, they are prone to expect the work done almost overnight.

WHAT GOOD HIGHWAYS MEAN

Enable Farmers to Get Their Different Crops to Market at Least Possible Expense.

"Farmers are business men and in order to conduct their farms in a businesslike way and cope with other business men in the state they must devise ways and means of reducing the expenses of operation," said L. H. Birdsall in submitting a resolution to the Illinois Agricultural association. He added: "In no way can the expense of farming be reduced as completely as by securing good roads running by the farms which will enable the delivery of crops to market with the least possible expense."

That is good sound sense and coming from a practical farmer it shows that farmers are keenly alive to the need and value of improved roads. Mr. Birdsall lays further emphasis on the need of selecting the most competent men for highway officials so that the best talent may be available for road building and repairing.

ROAD DRAINING AND GRADING

Highways Out of Commission but Few Days in Year When Cared for by Good Patrolman.

The first step in road improvement is to grade and drain the dirt roads thoroughly. It is surprising, after driving over some of our neglected earth roads, to see what a splendid road can be made by draining and grading alone, and how few days during the year it is out of commission when cared for by a good patrolman.

All Demand Better Roads.

The business man, the farmer, the truck driver, the pleasure seeker, are all asking and demanding better roads.

Cash for Lincoln Highway.

An allotment of $12,000,000 has been made for improvements to the Lincoln highway.

War Destroyed Highways.

More than 25,000 miles of highways were destroyed in France during the World war.

HAMMERMILL BOND
We will use it for your job of PRINTING

Silk Knit Scarfs and New Neckwear
REASONABLE PRICES
H. W. RUBIN & SON

GET DALY'S ON THE PHONE 92-J
Special Cash Sale
FRI. and SAT.
12 cans of milk $1.55
4 doz. case milk $6.00
W. C. Daly
Mechanic and Mill Sts.

Chas. Lemmler's
THE RELIABLE STORE
Now for many years ready to supply harnesses, whips, blankets and robes—all sorts of horse furnishing goods.
Trunks, suit cases, traveling bags—standard leather goods.
SMETHPORT, PA.

Denning's Market
ALWAYS THE BEST MEATS, POULTRY, FISH, OYSTERS, CHOICE GROCERIES.
OLEO 30c TO 37c POUND.
G. H. DENNING
Smethport, Pa.

CHOICE CANDY AND BAKED GOODS AT
BRASTED'S Bakery

FURNACE HEAT FOR EVERY HOME
PIPELESS CALORIC FURNACE
HOT COLD
PATENTED
ILLUSTRATION SHOWS CALORIC HEAT REGULATOR
CALORIC COMFORT
like pressing an electric button

New Holstein, Wis.
I am much pleased with my CaloriC Pipeless Furnace. Have kept fire for 18 and 20 hours and still had a nice fire. Used 5 tons of coal from October 15th to April 15th and kept my house warmer than any of my friends with other kinds of furnaces. My house has 15 rooms and hall.
John Schmider.

Heat—at your finger tips. Your rooms warmer, cooler—as you want them—as easily as turning on electric lights.
This comfort—this convenience—will be a reality in your home the day you install a CaloriC Pipeless Furnace.
The CaloriC is the wonderful patented system of heating buildings by natural circulation of air. It is so simple—so superior—so much less expensive—that the CaloriC is today a practical necessity in every home.
Made by the largest manufacturer of warm-air furnaces in the world; sold under a Money-back Guarantee to give you satisfaction. Heats homes of 18 rooms or less through one register. Usually installed in one day—no alterations—no plumbing—no pipes to freeze. The shortage of Calorics makes it advisable that you place your order without delay. See CaloriC on exhibition at our store.
The CALORIC FURNACE CO
Smethport, Pa.
THE ORIGINAL PIPELESS FURNACE TRIPLE-CASING PATENT
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McKean Co. Miner

HARRY L. BACKUS.....Owner
MRS. H. L. BACKUS.....Editor
W. P. MITCHELL.....Manager

Entered at the Post Office at Smethport, Pa., as Second-Class Matter

Thursday, January 6, 1921

Over-Blown Bureaucracy

While the war emergency yields the excuse, the National Civil Service Commission is only telling the unvarnished truth when it says in its annual report that an "altogether rosy picture cannot be painted of the situation" created by the fact that on the government civil service pay roll there was in July last the amazing ratio of a federal employe to every 150 persons in the entire country, while the ratio of those "employed in gainful occupations" throughout the country showed that "one out of every sixty-eight was a government worker." When one compares the pre-war figures of federal employes. Some 480,000 in 1916, with the bureau enrollment peak of last July, with its almost 700,000 federal employes under civil service. Some idea is given of what as woolen bureaucracy means. But even these figures do not tell the whole story of the numbers in government service, and it is clear that Congress has got to do something very drastic in its paring down of the overlapping bureaus or else the mournful forecast of the Civil Service Commission that the government "will never get back to its pre-war condition" so far as the number of employes goes, will prove true. That a great deal of effort during the war in Washington was expended in giving jobs to needy Democrats of the "deserving kind," so well described by Mr. Bryan; and in fact in seeing to it that two clerks and two stenographers should occupy a position that one could handle alone, seems to have been proved by the facts elicited by the congressmen who have already been probing into the situation. Under the circumstances, therefore, the country will look to Congress to talk less about the admitted evils of bureaucracy and to hew to the line in securing the needed reforms.—Phila. Pub Ledger.

* * * * * * * * * * *

Farmers Suport Anti-Strike Bill

Washington, Jan.—6(—Special correspondence)—That the Poindexter anti-strike bill has ardent suport of farmers is demonstrated by statement made in behalf of similar provision in the railroad bill last Spring. The statement referred to was signed by representatives of the National Grange, the American Farm Bureau Federation, the Cotton States Board, and the Association of States Farmers' Union Presidents. It says in part:

"So much has been said in justification of the organized strike that we deem it advisable to outline the position of the farmers upon this all important question. We desire to discuss the question more particularly as applied to the railroads for the reason that farmers are more directly affected by railroad strikes than strikes in other lines of industry or commerce.

"The statement has been made so often that organized workers have an inherent right to strike, that the public generally has accepted the statement as being true and, as a result, strikes have, in times past received to some extent the support of public opinion. Recent events, however, indicate that the country is giving this question serious consideration, and, as a result there is a growing demand that some other method be employed to bring about the settlement of controversies between employer and employe. This demand is more pronounced on the part of the farmers than of many other classes, for the reason that they are affected more directly than most other classes. The farmers develop a section of country adapted to the production of perishable products. They spend vast sums of money in building houses and barns, digging drainage or irrigation ditches, and in bringing the land to a high state of productivity. Such land could not have been developed if the transportation facilities had not been such as to insure that the farmers could get their products to market with the least possible delay and before they become unfit for consumption.

"On the other hand no great city could be built up if it were not for the fact that those who live in them may depend, first on the farmers of the country to produce an ample supply of food and, second, on the railroads to deliver farm products to city consumers with regularity and as needed.

"It naturally follows that those who believe that labor has an inherent right to organize a strike believe that such organizations have a right to starve the people of the cities to death, on the one hand, and to destroy the property of the farmers on the other. No such right has ever existed and no such right exists now. It is economically unsound. What would be the verdict of the people if the farmers should suddenly decide to strike and refuse to supply the needs of those who are not in a position to produce food and clothing for themselves? They would be condemned from one end of the country to the other. If the farmers have no such moral or legal right, then why should it be conceded by anyone that those who handle the farmers' products have a right to block transportation and thus jeopardize the food and clothing supply of the Nation? If the farmers have no such rights, those who handle his products have no such rights.

"The farmers must look to Congress to solve this great question in the light of fairness for all and not for the benefit of the few, at the expense and perhaps misery and suffering for all."

* * * * * * * * * * *

CHARTER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made by Ralph E. Burdick, O. J. Hamlin and George W. Mitchell, all of Smethport, Pa., to the Governor of Pennsylvania, on the 4th day of January, A. D., 1921, at 9 o'clock a.m. under the provisions of an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April A. D., 1874, and the supplements thereto, for a charter for an intended corporation, to be called PRESSURE OIL COMPANY, the character and object of which is drilling, mining and operating for and porducing petroleum oil and natural gas; extracting and marketing their products and by-products; refining the petroleum oil; purchasing, buying, selling and disposing of petroleum oil and natural gas; and acquiring, holding and disposing of such real and personal estate as may be necessary and convenient for the carrying on of said business, and for these purposes, to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges by said Act of Assembly and the supplements thereto conferred.

GALLUP & POTTER,
Smethport, Pa. Solicitors.
adv50w4

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Ghordis A. Burdick, late of the Township of Norwich, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania

Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted November 26, 1920, by the Register of Wills of the said County of McKean, to the Hamlin Bank and Trust Company of Smethport Boro. in the county aforesaid, request is hereby made to all persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent, to immediately make known the same, and all persons indebted to the said decedent, to make payment thereof, to the said Administrator without delay.

HAMLIN BANK & TRUST COMPANY,
Administrator.
By R. E. Burdick,
Treasure.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 21, 1920.
Gallup & Potter, Attorneys.

MAGAZINES

Good Housekeeping—2 years	$5.00
Hearsts—2 years	$7.00
Delineator—2 years	$4.00
Woman's Home Companion—2 years	$3.00
Woman's Home Companion and American—1 year	$3.50
Pictorial Review and Etude—1 year	$3.75
Pictorial Review and McCalls—1 year	$3.50
Pictorial Review and Today's Housewife—1 year	$3.00
Pictorial Review and World Work—1 year	$5.00
Pictorial Review—2 years	$4.00
Pub Price	Special Price
$8.00 Good Housekeeper and Pict. Review—1 yr	$4.40
$7.00 Cosmopolitan and Pict. Review—1 yr	$4.90
$7.00 Hearsts and Pict. Review—1 yr	$4.90
$7.00 Cosmopolitan and Good Housekeeping—1 yr	4.90
$7.00 Hearsts and Good Housekeeping—1 yr	$4.90
$8.00 Cosmopolitan and Heorsts—1 yr	$6.40

Mrs. H. L. Backus,
Magazine Agency.

As sure as you are a foot high—

you will like this Camel Turkish and Domestic blend!

Camel

YOU never got such cigarette-contentment as Camels hand you. Camels quality and expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic Tobaccos make this goodness possible—*and make you prefer this Camel blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!*

Camels mellow-mildness is a revelation! Smoke them with freedom without tiring your taste! They leave no unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste nor unpleasant cigaretty odor!

Give Camels every test—then compare them puff-for-puff with any cigarette in the world!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

USED CARS

Now is the time to buy your used car. If you are mechanically inclined you have the winter season at your disposal in which to become acquainted with it, polish it up, equip it with the little features you would like your car to have and be ready when spring comes, to start a season's motoring with a knowledge of your car and pride in it's appearance. We have a few good, small used cars on hand. Will gladly demonstrate. Easy terms of payment.

1917 OVERLAND — FOUR CYLINDER touring car. Recently overhauled. Five good tires.

1918 CHALMERS touring car. Five cord tires, practically new.

1920 FORD touring car, with electric lights and self starter. Rear tires new; front tires almost new.

1917 STUDEBAKER touring car with four almost new cord tires and extra fabric tire.

The mechanical condition of all these cars is first-class.

SMETHPORT GARAGE CO.,
Smethport, Pa.

NOTICE

In the matter of the estate of William Irons, late of Smethport, McKean County, Pennsylvania, deceased. Letters testamentary in the above entitled estate having been duly granted by the Register of Wills, of McKean County to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having legal claims against said estate are requested to present same to the undersigned without delay.

C. L. IRONS,
MRS. ALICE HACKETT,
adv46w6 Adms.

ADVERTISE in our Classified column if you want quick results.

W W

A Happy and Prosperous New Year to All

J. M. Wiant
Jeweler and Optometrist

W W

For Best Quality in

Groceries, Boots and Shoes go to

The Lindholm Grocery,

Telephone 16-M.

CASH GROCER. SMETHPORT, PA.

Your Needs in Furniture and Wall Paper....

are important topics at this season of the year. You can always find reliable furniture here—the honest kind—that is substantial as well as of good appearance. Wall paper designs in almost endless variety.

H. H SASSE — Furniture, and Wall Paper Undertaking In All Its Branches

We Pay Attention

to the staple lines—always endeavor to supply our customers with good butter, eggs, potatoes and fresh fruits.

But the so-called "FANCY GROCERIES" are here—appetite ticklers—and the something extra good to top off the day's menu.

THE COLEGROVE GROCERY

Important Are you sure that you are carrying enough FIRE INSURANCE to cover the present high cost of rebuilding?

Friends may sympathize: WE PAY CASH.

Consult BURDICK'S INSURANCE AGENCY.

Victrolas and Records—The latest Sheet Music.

Burdick's Music Store

SHOE SENSE

GOOD SHOES are the cheapest in the long run, as they outwear poor shoes three pairs to one. We have handled shoes a good many years and know how to give our customers quality, style and comfort. Shoes here for the whole family and WE DO REPAIRING.

Anderson & Carlson THE SHOE MEN

INSURANCE

FIRE,
LIFE,
ACCIDENT.

In Good Reliable Companies.

W.F. SPECHT
SMETHPORT, PA.

Clementine Gaskin

An itchy scalp and falling hair indicate a very bad condition of the scalp.

The Du Four System will relieve this condition.

All combings made up at 50c per oz.

Du Four toilet articles on sale.

105 E. King Street, Smethport, Pa.
'Phone 147R.

McKean Co. Miner

Thursday, January 6, 1921

—Ernest Berner of Eldred was in town Monday.

—Dan Brasted was a Bradford visitor Friday.

—Miss Elmeda Johnson was in Buffalo Tuesday.

—Roy Engstrom spent the week end in Kane.

—Miss Ruby Warren is confined to her home by illness.

—Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Ball spent Christmas in Olean.

—Mr. M. P. O'Brien returned to Sergeant Tuesday.

—Miss Julia Fay spent the week end in Bradford.

—Mrs. Jack Klies is spending the week end in Buffalo.

—Mr Charles Mosser spent the week end in Friendship.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Morrison spent Saturday a Bradford.

Neal Holder spent the week end in Bradford.

—Miss Lois Green returned last Wednesday from Vineland N. J.

—Paul Green of Batavia spent the holidays at his home in this place.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Summerhill spent the week end in Ridgway.

—Miss Harriet Herzog entertained The L. S. Club Tuesday evening.

—Mr. J. M. Wiant went to New Bethlehem Friday

—M. S. Geary left for Buffalo Monday on business.

—Mrs. D. M. Brasted was a Bradford visitor Friday.

—Donald Hogarth was an Olean visitor Wednesday of last week.

—Mrs Lucendia Stone of Rochester N. Y. is guest of Mrs. A. B. Armstrong.

—Mrs. John McCarthy is confined to her home by illness.

—Wm. Monheimer and son Walter were Buffalo visitors last week.

—Mrs. Mellville Gillett is spending a few weeks in Washington, D. C.

—Regular meeting of M. W. A. January 13th. Installation of officers.

—Mrs. W. C. March of Erie is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Sartwell.

—Mr. and Mrs. Henri Gerou of Akron, O., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Mayo and family.

—Herbert Monheimer returned Saturday to Philadelphia University of Penn.

—Mr. and Mrs. Carl Omans of East Smethport are the proud parents of a baby boy, born December 25th.

—Miss Mae Choato entertained six members of the A. R. at a 1 o'clock luncheon Tuesday.

—Mr. Emmett Terry left Tuesday for Johnsonburg where he will be employed in that town.

—Miss Bernice Terry has accepted a position in the court house as clerk for the commissioners.

—Victor Engstrom who has been ill for several weeks, is improving rapidly.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hungiville and son Billie spent Christmas in Bradford.

—Mr. Emil Larson of Clarion is guest of his brother Mr John Larson and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Anderson and daughters Kathryn and Bernice are spending the week in Austin.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schriber of Kane spent the week end guest of the former's parents Mr. and Mrs. Frank Potter.

—Misses Ruth and Luella Lyle of Brownsville, Pa., spent Christmas at their home in this place.

—Mrs Fred Hallstrom entertained a party of young people Monday evening.

—Order your magazines now and have plenty of winter reading. Mrs H. L. Backus magazine agency.

—Don't fail to see Bradford Y. M. C. A. basketball team play the Buckfalls on next Thursday, January 13th.

—Mr. A. Miller was called to Ohio last week on account of the death of his sister, Mrs. J. Switzer.

—Adella Heelman of Arnold, Pa., spent the holidays with her parents in this pace.

—Mr. Earl Haffner of Buffalo was visiting relatives and friends during the holidays.

—Mrs. Bosworth entertained a number of friends Christmas night in honor of her son.

—Misses Edna and Elvira Mellander of Mt. Jewett spent the week end with Miss Alene Engstrom.

—Mrs. Edna Walker has accepted a position as bookkeeper in Chas Masser's hardware store.

—Mr. David Schlief of Manchester, Vt., is visiting friends and relatives at East Smethport for a few days.

—Carl Johnson from Rocky Ceres Sanitorium, spent Christmas with his sister, Mrs Fred Halstrom.

—Mrs. Alice Heath left Thursday for Buffalo, where she has accepted a position.

—Miss. Beatrice Terry attended a dance in Mt. Jewett last Thursday evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Sears of Cleveland spent the holidays guests of Mrs. Jane Young and family.

—Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Westrick and daughter Marion of Coudersport spent the holidays guests of Mrs. Nora Connolly and family.

—Mrs. J. Clayton Backus who was operated upon for appendicitis a short time ago has returned to her home in this place.

—Mr. and Mrs. Carl Omans Sunday 6 —Mr. and Mrs. Henry Eberts of Shinglehouse are guests of Mrs Alice Lyle.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Daly gave a family dinner New Year's day in honor of their third wedding anniversary.

—Mrs. John Cather entertained a number of friends at a miscellaneous shower for Mrs. G. A. Sear Wednesday, December 29.

—Mrs. T. Samuelson and children and Mr. John Engstrom of Jamestown, N. Y., were visiting relatives in town this week.

—Mrs. Florence McBride of Detroit, Mich., and Mr. Pete Jackson of DuBois, Pa., are visiting their sister, Mrs. Herman Sheldon.

—Why go out of town for Bargains that you can get right at home? Read Monheimer's advertisement in todays Miner; it pays to investigate.

—Edward Young of Cleveland Ohio was visiting his brother Thomas young of Smethport, last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shultz of Salamanca N. Y. spent the week end guest of friends in this place.

—The Members of the older boys' club of St. Luke's Episcopal church entertained their girl friends at a dancing party Monday evening in St. Luke's Parish house.

—Dr. Benninghoff operated upon Mrs. W. E. Van Dyke for appendicitis. Wednesday morning in the Bradford hospital. The operation was successful and the patient is getting along nicely

—Miss Birdie Monheimer, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Monheimer during the holidays, returned to her position in Buffalo.

—Miss Helen Checseman of Kane spent a few days in town.

—A. C. Gallagher and John O'Donald of Freeland spent the New Year guest of friends in this place.

—Monday morning Dec. 27th a coal car broke through the trestle on the Kushequa track back of Holmes and Gilfillan's lumber yard. Friday the car was finally drawn back on the track.

—Mrs. W. S. Palmer left for Tidioute, Friday, called there by the sudden death of W. H. Grandson, of cerioral hemorrage. Mr. and Mrs. Grandson have visited here frequently and are well known in Smethport.

—Mr. and Mrs. Volney Coleman of Salamanca have been visiting friends and relations in town for several days. Mr. Coleman returned home Monday, and Mrs. Coleman remained here until Saturday.

—The I. O. O. F. held big meeting and dance last week and Peter Miller was awarded a 25-year membership card. Refreshments were served and a big time was enjoyed by all present.

—W. H. Bosworth of Franklin, Pa., spent Christmas in town the guest of his mother, Mrs. Chas. Bosworth.

—Mrs. Bosworth entertained a number of ladies at a New Year's eve party at her home on Main street.

—The Children's Christmas festival held at the Swedish Mission church Christmas day was a real success. The church was filled to its capacity and an excellent program was rendered. An offering of $55.00 was taken up for the starving in China.

—Alvin Engstrom, who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs Amandus Engstrom, during the holidays returned to Buffalo Thursday.

—Mrs. C. C. Chase and son Homer went to Uniontown Monday Dec. 27th to visit Mrs Chase's father Mr. Smart, and sister Marguerite Smart.

WANTED

FAMILY WASHINGS. INQUIRE 207 Mechanic street. adv1w1

SWEDISH MISSION CHURCH

Rev. Emil G. Winstadt will preach next Sunday at the Swedish Mission church at 11:00 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Special music will be rendered by the orchestra.

This week being the annual week of prayer, services will be held every night exept Saturday, at 7.45 p.m. All are cordially invited to all the services.

STOCKHOLDERS' ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Grange National Bank of Smethport, Pa., for the election of directors and the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of said bank on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1921.

E. E. DRAKE,
Cashier.

adv50w6

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hamlin Bank & Trust Company for the election of nine directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held in the office of the company, 333 West Main Street, Smethport, Pa., Wednesday, January 12th, 1921, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

RALPH E. BURDICK,
SECRETARY

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 15, 1920.
adv. 16-23-j6

TO the MEMBERS of the McKEAN GRANGE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

The annual meetng of the members of the McKean Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co., for the election of Directors and one Auditor will be held at the office of the Company in the Grange National Bank building, Smethport, Pa., Thursday, January 13th, 1921, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon ad two o'clock i the afternoon

H.D. OTTO, SEC'y

adv. 51 w 3

FOR

YOUR OWN SAKE

as well as for ours we ask you

DO NOT GO

or send out of town for such goods as we carry.

Regardless of
A GREAT LOSS TO US

the price on each and every article in this store has been readjusted to meet the present situation.

THE BARGAINS

that you are looking for and which YOU MAY get elsewhere you willcertainly find right here in this store.

IT PAYS TO INVESTIGATE

Monheimers
Smethport

BUY
TUBERCULOSIS

CHRISTMAS
SEALS

STAR

Monday, Jan. 10th
Clara Kimball Young, in
The Savage Woman
Pathe News

Tuesday, Jan. 11th
Dorothy Dalton, in
Hard Boiled
Topics of Day

Wednesday, Jan. 12th
Edith Roberts, in
An Adorable Savage

Thursday, Jan. 13th
W. S. Hart, in
The Poppy Girl's Husband

Friday, Jan. 14th
May Allison, in
Are All Men Alike
Monkey Comedy

Saturday, Jan. 15th
Anita Stewart, in
The Combat
Sennett Comedy

CLASSIFIED

WANTED

GOOD WOOD CUTTERS. TEL. 123-J. adv52w1*** A. Miller.

FOR SALE

NEW FORD TOURING CAR, EQUIPT with self-starter; $455 cash—nearly $100 less than dealer's price. H. J. German. adv1lw1

FOR SALE.

TWO BUCKEYE INCUBATORS; 2 Buckeye Brooders at a bargain; will sell cheap to party interested. John Hester, Smethport, Pa. adv1w1***

AUCTIONEER
MR. H. L. HARMON
KENT HOLLOW
adv48tf PHONE 4-R-22

WANTED

WOOD CUTTERS; 25 EXPERIENCED men to cut chemical wood opposite Keystone Wood Product's company factory; good timber with houses and camp equipped with natural gas. Apply Chas. Hall, Colegrove, Pa. adv52w1

WANTED

A FEW MORE MILK CUSTOMERS: Our milk is guaranteed to be pure and wholesome. The public is invited to inspect the production of our milk at any time. Claranett Dairy. Tel 123-J. adv52w2***

WANTED

A FARM TO RENT OR WORK ON shares; must be fully stocked and have from ten to fifteen cows. Address McKean County Miner, Smethport, Pa. adv51w3

$35 TO $100 PER WEEK EARNED by our salesmen. Men without experience are earning nearly as much. We have an opening for you on your own territory. After a little experience we will gladly take you on our traveling field force. Pay weekly. Outfit free. The best aand hardest nursery stock grown in the United States. It will pay fruit growers also to write us. Keystone State Nurseries, Beaver Falls, Pa. adv1w4

SALESMEN WANTED

GET BUSY; KEEP BUSY: IS YOUR job unsafe? Is it permanent? You want a life long business. You can got into such a business selling more than 137 Watkins Products direct to farmers if you own auto or team or can get one; if you can give bond with personal sureties; we back you with big selling helps; 52 years in business 20,000,000 users of our products. Write for information where you can get territory. J. R. Watkins Co., Department C, Winona, Minnesota. adv1w1

Professional Cards

ATTORNEYS
GALLUP & POTTER
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Hamlin Bank & Trust Co. Bldg., Smethport, Pa.

E. R. MAYO & SONS
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office over Grange bank, Smethport, Pa. Office connected with long distance telephone. E. R. Mayo, Notary Public.

THOMAS H. MORRISON
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Smethport, Pa. All legal business given prompt and careful attention.

PHYSICIANS

H. L. McCOY
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON. Office in I. O. O. F. block, Main street Smethport, Pa.

DR. ROBERT HAMILTON
Office and residence in Hamilton block, Smethport, Pa. Office hours 8 to 9 a.m. and 1 to 3 p.m.

DENTISTS

DR. C. B. LONG
Dentist
Anderson & Carlson Block.
Office Hours: 9 to 12; 1 to 5.

DR. ALVIE R. LIVERMORE
Dentist
I. O. O. F. Building, Smethport, Pa.
Office Hours: 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.
Evenings and Sundays by appointment. Bell Phone 71-J.

SMILE

Let us all "get together" and meet the problems of readjustment in the same spirit of optimism and determination as we met the war. "For the man worth while, is the man with a smile, when everything goes dead wrong."

A HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR.

Hamlin Bank & Trust Company

SMETHPORT, PENNA.

A Community STRONG BOX

The need of protection for valuables—some means to replace the insecurity of the home—was long since felt by prudent people.

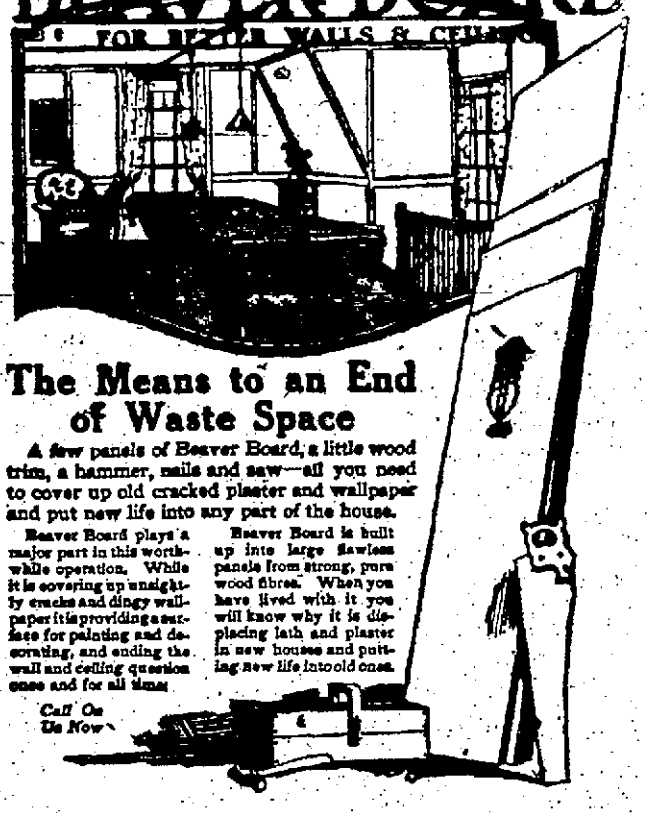
Our safe deposit vault—fire, thief and waterproof— meets this need most effectively.

Private boxes large enough to accommodate the valuables of the average person can be rented at a very reasonable figure.

Inspection of our equipment is cordially invited.

THE GRANGE NATIONAL BANK
SMETHPORT, PA.

BEAVER BOARD
FOR BETTER WALLS & CEILINGS



The Means to an End of Waste Space

A few panels of Beaver Board, a little wood trim, a hammer, nails and saw—all you need to cover up old cracked plaster and wallpaper and put new life into any part of the house.

Beaver Board plays a major part in this worthwhile operation. While it is covering up unsightly cracks and dingy wallpaper it is providing a surface for painting and decorating, and ending the wall and ceiling question once and for all time.

Beaver Board is built up into large flawless panels from strong, pure wood fibres. When you have lived with it you will know why it is displacing lath and plaster in new houses and putting new life into old ones.

Call On Us Now

HOLMES & GILFILLAN
Smethport, Pa.

The Miner
6 Months---$1

CANNED CHICKEN DELICIOUS DISH

Cheaper and Easier to Can Surplus Fowls Than to Feed Them Until Wanted.

EXCELLENT FOR EMERGENCIES

Two-Year-Old Hens Are Much More Desirable Product Than Six-Month-Old Chicken—Tests Made by Experimental Kitchen.

A veritable friend in need to the busy housewife is canned chicken. A few jars of it on the storeroom shelf, which may be quickly converted into a delicious dish when unexpected company comes or when other emergencies arise, give the housekeeper a sense of preparedness. From an economic point of view, canning the surplus of the flock is an excellent

Severing the Leg From the Body at the Saddle Joint.

practice, as it is cheaper to can the birds than it is to feed them until they are wanted for the table. Nor is it necessary to have young chickens for canning, for the older birds have superior flavor and quite as good texture as the younger ones. Two-year hens made a much more desirable canned product than a six-month old chicken. The best products were obtained from plump, well-fed hens by tests recently made by the Experimental Kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture.

How the Canning Is Done.

To prepare the bird for canning, it should be carefully picked and all pin feathers removed; it should be then singed and washed in water in which a small amount of baking soda has been dissolved. Remove the entrails, cut the meat into pieces as for frying, and carefully wash each piece in cold water. The giblets and excess intestinal fat should not be put into the jars. The chicken may be partially cooked before being placed in the jar, being either browned in fat or stewed, but the best results have been obtained when the uncooked chicken was packed into the jars. The jars may be filled with hot water or broth, or the meat may be canned without the addition of liquid. The best product has resulted when no liquid or only a small quantity (about 2 tablespoons to a pint jar) was added. The meat in jars to which no liquid was added has kept as well as that in jars filled with liquid, and has possessed a superior flavor. The following method is, therefore, recommended by the Experimental Kitchen.

Pack the pieces into pint jars. As much as a pound of chicken can often be packed into a pint jar. Two chickens weighing, before dressed, a little over 4 pounds each, when cut up for canning will fill five pint jars. For example, jar 1 may contain a thigh, leg, fillet of breast, and saddle; jar 2, a neck, wing, leg, fillet of breast, and two wish bones; jar 3, a saddle, neck, thigh, and fillet of breast; jar 4, a wing, leg, thigh, and breast bone; jar 5, a fillet of breast, thigh, 2 wings, and a leg. When the meat has been packed into the jar, add a half teaspoon of salt to each, partially seal, and process.

If a water-bath outfit is used for the processing, set the jars on a rack in the bottom of a wash boiler with sufficient water to come 2 inches above their tops. Process pint jars continuously for six hours after the water begins to boil. Seal the jars quickly upon removing from the boiler, or if glass-topped jars fastened by a spring are used, force the spring into position while the jars are still immersed. After sealing invert the jars to test for leaks while cooling.

Reduces Time of Process.

If a steam-pressure cooker is used the length of time can be greatly reduced. Fifteen pounds' pressure for one hour has been found a safe and satisfactory period.

Chicken canned in either the water bath or pressure cooker is a desirable product, comparing very favorably with fresh chicken when used for chicken salad, creamed chicken, chicken stew, chicken pie, or for scalloped or baked dishes.

The chicken in a pint jar is sufficient to serve six persons when the meat is prepared in any of the ways mentioned.

INDIVIDUALS DIFFER ON FOOD MATERIALS

Each Person Should Experiment With Himself.

Food Specialists Say Too Much Is as Bad as Too Little—Economical to Avoid Expensive Cuts of Meats and Fruits.

As the habits and conditions of individuals differ, so, too, their needs for nourishment differ, and their food should be adapted to their particular requirements. Each person should learn by experience what kinds of food yield him nourishment with the least discomfort, and should avoid those which do not agree with him.

Too much food is as bad as too little, and occasions a waste of energy and strength in the body as well as a waste of nutritive material, say food specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. While in the case of some foods as purchased, notably meats, some waste is unavoidable, the pecuniary loss can be diminished, both by buying those kinds in which there is the least waste, and by utilizing more carefully than is ordinarily done portions of what is usually classed as refuse. Much of the waste may be avoided by careful planning so as to provide a comfortable and appetizing meal in sufficient amount, but without excess.

If strict economy is necessary, the dearest cuts of meat and the more expensive fruits and vegetables should be avoided. With reasonable care in cooking and serving a pleasing and varied diet can be furnished at moderate cost. It should not be forgotten that the real cheapness or dearness of a food material depends not only on its market price, but also on the cost of its digestible nutrients. It should always be remembered that "the ideal diet is that combination of foods which, while imposing the least burden on the body, supplies it with exactly sufficient material to meet its wants," and that any disregard of such a standard must inevitably prevent the best development of our powers.

Day for Washing Blankets.

A breezy day should be selected for washing blankets, so that they will dry quickly.

Soothing to Eyes.

Witch hazel, diluted with warm water, is very soothing to tired strained eyes.

SOAP SUBSTITUTES FAVORED

Soapbark, Starch Water or Bran Water Are Not Likely to Injure Delicate Colors.

When the action of soap is likely to injure a delicate color, use soapbark, starch water, or bran water, advise home economics specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Soapbark, although not a soap, when heated in water will form suds. To prepare it for use, boil for 10 minutes a cup of the bark with 1 quart of water; then cool and strain the liquid. The "soapy" water may be used full strength for sponging, or diluted for washing; half of this amount is enough for one-half tubful of water. Since the liquid is brownish, it should be used only on dark-colored goods.

Starch water is especially good for cleaning delicate cotton fabrics. This is usually made by adding thin starch paste to the wash water. Water in which rice has been boiled, if it is not discolored, may be used instead. If it is not desirable to have the material starched slightly, it must be rinsed in salt water.

Bran water, made in the same way as soapbark solution, is useful with colors that are likely to fade. It does not give suds, but cleans like starch water.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

Paint stains will disappear if ether is applied on wrong side of fabric.

* * *

Mix left-over cooked fish with curry, place in a border of cooked rice and reheat.

* * *

Shetland shawls can be washed in warm soapy water, just as flannels are washed.

* * *

In bending a velvet bag, stamp the design on the wrong side and it will be easier to see.

* * *

Sweet sandwiches of jelly or conserve of fruit and nuts may often be used instead of cakes for the lunch.

* * *

A little smoked halibut cut very thin and served with thin slices of bread and butter is good for a light evening meal.

* * *

Crush a few celery seeds and sprinkle over the crisp parts of cabbage. Soak the cabbage and celery seed in ice water for an hour and use in place of celery in the salad.

THE FRY COMPANY

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

Thursday, Jan. 6 to Saturday, Jan. 15

TERMS, SALE PRICE CASH CHARGES AT REGULAR PRICES

Children's Coats

$ 9.50 Dark Red Cheviot Coat, size 5, Sale Price.....$5.00
15.50 Brown Polo Coat, size 15, Sale Price $8.50
11.00 Brown Polo Coat, size 14, Sale Price $6.50
22.50 Black Velour Coat, size 14, Sale Price.....$14.50
10.50 Black Velour Coat, size 14, Sale Price.....$12.50

Suits

$39.50 Ladies' Navy Serge, size 39, Sale Price.....$23.00
39.50 Ladies' Navy Serge, size 42, Sale Price....$23.00

Furs

Choice of entire stock of Furs, Muffs, Scarfs and Fur Sets in Siberian Walf, Yovette Walf, Sealine, Moline and Kit Coney.

SALE PRICE
1-3 off

R. M. C.—O. N. T.—C. M. C.
12c

Men's Ties

Men's Silk Four in Hand and Bow Ties. Regular Value 50c to $2.50
20 per cent off

Woolen Hose

Men's 75c Woolen Hose in Black, Gray and Oxford.
SALE PRICE 58c.

Cotton Bats

$1.50 large quilt size bast 72x 90, 3 pounds.
SALE PRICE $1.15.
39c Cotton Bats.....29c
19c Cotton Bats.....15c

Georgette Waists

Great January Clearance of Silks, Georgette and Crepe de Chine Waists, fine assortment of styles, colors and sizes to choose from. Value up to $15. Sold in three lots at
$3.98, $5.98, $7.98

Waists

All Voile, lawn and Organdy Waists
1-4 Off

OUTING FLANNEL

39c and 42c Outing Flannel 29c. One lot of Outing Flannel in short length. Special 21c.

Welcome News: Not since the Kaiser commenced sawing wood at Doorn have prices on dependable dry goods been so low as this great January Sale affords. Many careful students of economics believe that prices have in general hit the low mark for this year and that there will in all probability be a slight upward tending as the Spring's demand are manifest—be that as it may—we lay to claim to bring prophets—we do believe, however, that it is most certainly to your advantage to complete your winter's buying and lay in the spring sewing supplies while this clearing sale offers such big money saving opportunities. Hosiery, underwear, furs, coats, cotton goods and many other lines have prices slashed tremendously. Fruits of loom bleached cotton with a high war mark of 60c is now 25c, $3.00 silk Hosiery is now $1.75 and so it goes with many other items at practically half the high war level. DON'T forget the pocket book. We are turning merchandise into CASH at these prices not book accounts, however, good the credit standing may be, charges will be made at regular prices only.

COATS

Great January Sale of the Redfern Coats and Suits. Fine assortment of styles, colors and sizes to choose from. Our Coat stock has been divided in four lots and will be sold for the following prices:

Your Choice of LOT NO. 1

Value up to $67.50
$37.50

2 Black plush Coats, sz. 16
2 Black plush Coats, sz. 20
1 Black plush Coat, sz. 20
2 Blue Silvertone, Coats "38
1 Copenhagen Golden Cloth, size.....38
1 Navy Velour, size...43
1 Navy Silvertone Coat, size 36
1 Black plush Coat, sz. 38
1 Copenhagen Golden Cloth, size 42
1 Black Cheviot Coat, sz. 44

Your Choice of LOT NO. 2

Value up to $45.00
$27.50

1 Black plush Coat, sz. 16
1 Tan Silvertone Coat, size.....18
1 Brown Polo Coat, size 18
1 Oan Velour Coat, sz. 20

Your Choice of LOT NO. 3

Value up to $36.00
$23.50

1 Silvertone Tan, size..16
1 Silvertone Tan, size..18
1 Silvertone Polo, size..18
1 Brown Polo, size.....18
1 Blue Cheviot, size....20

Your Choice of LOT NO. 4

Value up to $29.00
$18.50

1 Navy Cheviot Coat, sz. 16
1 Blue Silvertone Coat, size.....18

House Dresses

House Dress and Apron in Gingham and Percale. January Sale
1-4 Off

Skirts

Choice of Wool Skirts in black, navy and plaid.
1-3 Off

Arrow Shirts

Choice of Arrow Shirts, large line of patterns and colors and all sizes to choose from.
1-4 Off

Underwear

Entire Stock of Underwear Union Suits and separate garments for Men, Women and Children.
REDUCED
1-4

Art Goods

Your choice of entire line of Royal Society Art Goods at
1-4 Off

New Prices on Cotton Goods

Hill's Bleached Cotton.....25c
Fruit Bleached Cotton.....25c
Nainsook Lonsdale Cotton 29c
9-4 Lockwood Bleached Sheeting 69c
Best Apron Gingham.....18c
Light Percale.....25c
Best Grade 27-in. Dress Ginghams 32c

Dresses

Choice of all Ladies' Wool and Silk Dresses
1-4 to 1-2 Off

Corsets

Choice of entire stock of Thomson's Glove Fitting and Warner's Rust Proof Corsets.
20 PER CENT OFF

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

Choice of entire stock of ladies' Muslin underwear, Gowns, Skirts, Bloomers, Camisoles, Chemise and Corset Covers.
14-OFF

SWEATERS

Choice of entier stock of Sweaters for Men, Women and Children.

DOLLS, GAMES, TOYS

All Dolls, Games and Toys
1-3 OFF

BLANKETS

One lot of Blankets in White, Tan and Gray. Special
$2.69

All Woolnap Blankets in plain colors and plaid at
1-4 OFF

SHEETS

Good quality Sheets. Special $1.39.

JANUARY CLEARANCE

FROM SATURDAY JAN. 8 SALE TO SATURDAY JAN. 15

OUR ENTIRE STOCK INCLUDED IN THIS SALE, NOTHING RESERVED AND EVERYTHING REDUCED. NO NEW CHEAP SALE GOODS BOUGHT TO MAKE CHEAP PRICES. EVERY ITEM OUR OWN STAPLE MERCHANDISE.
ALL GOODS SOLD AT SALE PRICES FOR CASH ONLY. ALL CHARGES AT REGULAR PRICES. NO MERCHANDISE CAN BE EXCHANGED OR RETURNED FOR CREDIT.
WE WANT TO CLEAN HOUSE AND OFFER YOU THIS SPECIAL OPPORTUNITY TO FILL MANY SUMMER WANTS AS WELL AS ALL YOUR WINTER NEEDS AS THERE IS MUCH COLD WEATHER AHEAD TO RECKON WITH. COME EARLY AND STAY LATE; WE WILL TAKE GOOD CARE OF YOU.

DOMESTICS.
January Clearance Sale.

50c Best Ginghams	.38
60c Wide Ginghams	.45
35c Lancaster Apron Gingham	.26¼
50c Cheviots	.38
60c Peggy Cloth for Rompers	.45
45c Hills Muslin	.23
60c Cambrics	.37
80c Cambrics	.60
75c Batiste	.53
50c Percale	.38
Best Calicos	.19
9-4 Sheeting Bleached	.85
8-4 Sheeting Bleached	.82
Mohawk Sheets and Cases	
80c Cases	.55
2.96 Sheets	2.00

DOMESTICS.
January Clearance Sale.
TABLE DAMASKS.

1.50 for	1.00
2.25 for	1.75
2.50 for	1.95
3.75 for	2.75
2 only 6.00 Table Cloths	3.98
Napkins at same reduction	
Blue and Rose Dress Linen 2.15 per yd. for	1.50
50c All Linen Toweling	.39
40c Huck Toweling	.29
30c Glass Toweling	.20
45c Glass Toweling	.35
20c Linen Weft Toweling	.15
75c 22 in. Dark Art Linen	.60
80c 24 in. Dark Art Linen	.65
75c Blue Linene	.55

DOMESTICS.
January Clearance Sale.
SILKS.

30.00 Peblette Dress Patterns, colors navy, camel, and taupe	25.00
2.00 Wash Satin for Underwear	1.50
4.50 Corticelli Messaline	3.50
4.50 Fancy Messaline	2.95
3.50 " "	1.95
4.00 Wash Satin	3.25

Reductions on Silks of entire stock to limit, to list, this is your opportunity to buy the best silks at prices we never expected to have.

DOMESTICS.
January Clearance Sale.

Sateens up to 1.00 yd. for	.65
50c Bright Striped Outing	.39
55c Dark Outing	.41
60c White Outing	.47
50c " "	.39
42c " "	.35

DOMESTICS.
January Clearance Sale.
FURS.

26.50 Blk. Pointed Fox Set	19.50
21.50 Set	14.50
19.00 "	13.00
Muffs Separate one third off.	

DOMESTICS.
January Clearance Sale.
LACE.
Wide Flouncing at less than half of today's prices.

DOMESTICS.
January Clearance Sale.
TURKISH TOWELS.

30c Towels for	.25
50c "	.39
75c and 79c Towels for	.59
1.00 and 1.25 Towels for	.90
2 Towel Sets, 4 Piece	3.75 for 2.75
Chenile Bath Mats,	4.00 for 2.95
6.50 Bath Mats for	4.95
6.00 Wilton Mats for	3.95
1.50 Turkish Mats for	.95
6.00 " " "	4.50

Huck Towels.

75c Towels for	.59
75c Cotton Damask	.59
1.35 Huck for	.95
1.00 Embd. Huck for	.80
2.50 Linen Huck for	1.95
75c Guest Towels for	.59
21c Wash Cloths	.21
19c " "	.15
25c " "	.20
15c Dish Cloths 2 for	.25

DOMESTICS.
January Clearance Sale.

6.75 Wool Plaids	5.50
4.25 Plaid Trench Serge	3.25
1.80 Wool Serge	1.50
2.75 Men's Wear Serge	1.95
1.50 Fancy Serge	.95
2.00 Grey Flannel	1.60
2.50 Shepherd's Check	1.75
1.80 Plaid	1.50

Special Prices on Short Lengths.

January Clearance Sale.
WHITE GOODS.

75c Pique	.60
1.35 and 1.30 Tricotine and Gabardine	.95
60c Silk Stripe Poplin	.45
All Colored Poplins	.45

January Clearance Sale.
KID GLOVES.
Men's Lined and Unlined Gloves, Gauntlets, 2 in 1 Gloves, Women's Kid Gloves. 25% off
All cloth gloves. 20% off.

GEORGETTE WAISTS

6.00 Georgette	4.75
6.50 All	5.00
7.50 The	5.95
8.00 Wanted	6.00
9.00 Colors	7.00
12.00	9.50
13.95	10.00

All Cotton Waists 20% off

LINOLEUM.
Clearance sale—Congoleum Filter, Burlap Back Linoleum, Rugs all sizes. ¼ off.

TOYS AND BOOKS
25% off.

RUGS AND CARPETS.

.95 Fiber Carpet	.77 yd.
1.25 Wool&fiber carpet	.95 "
1.25 Jute Stair Carpet	.95 "
50.00 Tapestra carpet for	37.50
45.00 Tapestra carpet for	34.00
30.00 Wool&Fiber Rugs	24.00
5.50 Felt Rugs	3.50
2.00 Rag Rug	1.50
3.95 Rag Rug	2.95
4.95 Wool & Fiber	3.95
1.00 Window Shades	.75
1.50 Window Shades	.95
All regular goods	
6.00 Smyrna Rugs	4.80

January Clearance Sale
BLANKETS.

1.15 Crib Blankets	.80
2.25	1.75
1.75	1.39
1.50	1.19
4.75 Blankets	3.75
3.90	2.90
9.00	7.00
4.50	3.50

January Clearance Sale
SHOES.

Men's 12.00 Flashheim Dress shoe	9.08
11.50 Husco Dress shoe	9.50
10.00 " " "	8.25
8.50 Cromwell " "	6.95
6.75 Endicott Johnson	5.50
6.35 " "	5.25

3.50 and 4.50 House slippers 2.75 and 3.75 pair.
Boys' heavy rubber 2 buckle arctics 1.95 a pair 11 to 2.

CHILDREN'S SHOES.

C. Saw Shoes	6.40 for 5.00
" " "	7.00 " 5.95

These are the cheapest and best shoes possible to buy, wear considered.

8½ to 11 Smokstone for	2.95
11½ to 2 " "	3.25

Also in brown calf-skin.

8½ to 11	3.85
11½ to 2	4.15

Goodyear Sewed Bolivay shoes 5.00 and 6.90 for 3.95 and 5.60

Ladies' Shoes.

1 lot small size	1.98 a pair
Worth today's value up to	$10
1 lot Grey kid shoes 4.95 worth 7.00 to 8.00.	
4 pairs light grey kid $10 shoes 4-4½ 5-5½	5.95
7.50 Brown Kid Field Mouse top	4.75
6.75 Black Vici Field Mouse top	4.50
5.25 Warm Felt Lined	4.50
3.50 Warm Felt top shoe	2.90
Tweedie Boot Tops	2.95

All White Canvas and Kid 20% less

White Curtain Poles complete with ends and hooks. 15 cents each.

BOY'S SHOES.

Tan high cuts, 8 to 2½	
2.95 3.95 4.50	
Brown and Black English Last	
Children's Shoes.	
5.00 Value for	3.95

DON'T FORGET TO ASK FOR WHAT YOU WANT AS EVERY ITEM IS REDUCED.

COTTON BATTON.
January Clearance Sale

18c Battons	.10
22c "	.16
33c "	.25
1.15 2lb Batton	.75
1.35 Quilted 2lb	.90
1.90 3lb Batton	1.40
2.10 Quilted 3lb Batton	1.50

Here is your opportunity to fill your quilts at greatly reduced prices.

WOMEN'S ARCTICS.
What's left of 6 buckle arctics. 5.75 for 3.98.

CHILDREN'S.

5.00 6 Buckle	3.00
3.75 3 "	2.98
2.65 Boys Boots	1.98
3.00 " "	2.08

KNIT GOODS
Infants' Knit Sacques, Leggins Bootees and Caps, also sweater sets. 20% OFF.

WOMEN'S SWEATERS

6.00 for slip on	3.95
7.75 " " "	5.25
9.00 " " "	5.50
10.00 " " "	6.25
12.00 Tuxedo	8.50
13.50 "	8.95

KNIT SKIRTS

2.25 Knit Wove Skirts	1.80
3.00 Knit Wove Skirts	2.39

BOYS' KNIT CAPS.

1.25 to 1.75 for .95 to 1.30.	
Cap Sets Scarfs 20% off.	
1.50 Men's Mack.cloth cap	1.19
1.00 Boys' " "	.80

Coats, Skirts &Dresses 20% to 50% Off.
Children's Wool Serge Dresses 3 to 16 years all new goods and new styles 20% Off.
Women's House Dresses 3.00 & 3.50 Value for 2.40&2.80.
Kimonas and Bath Robes in outing and crepe 20% Off.
Girls'Gingham Dresses 20%Off
Boys' Cotton Suits 20% Off.

LADIES' HOSIERY.

2.75 Silk Hose	1.50
2.25 Silk Hose	1.00
Pure Silk Boot Hose Very Special	1.00
All 75c Cotton & Wool Hose for	.59
1 lot Infants' half wool hose	.35
.90 Lisle Hose	.59
1.50 Silk Hose	.85

MEN'S HOSE.

.40 Rider & Driver	.22
.75 Silk Hose	.59
1.00 Heather Hose	.79
1 lot Cotton Hose	.25
.70 Wool Hose	.54
.95 Hose	.76
1.00 Hose	.80
1.25 Hose	.95

January Clearance Sale.
IVORY GOODS 20% OFF.

January Clearance Sale.

All Winter Underwear 25% off	
Dr. Denton's Sleeping Garments, $1.25 for	.95
1.10 Sleeping Garments	.75
Ladies' Outing Night Gowns 2.65 for	1.95
3.60 Outing Gowns	2.75
1.75 Outing Gowns	1.25
1.15 Children's Nt. Gowns	.90
5.00 Men's Pajamas	3.75
1 lot Men's Night Gowns	for 1.95

January Clearance Sale.
DOMESTICS

2.00 Grey Flannel at	1.60
2.50 Shepherd's Check	1.75
1.80 Plaid	1.50
Special Prices on Short lengths	

January Clearance Sale.
WHITE GOODS.

.75 Pique	.60
1.25 & 1.30 Tricotine and Gabardine	.95
.60 Silk Striped Poplin	.45
All Colored Poplins	.45

KID GLOVES
Men's Lined & Unlined Gloves Gauntlets, 2 in 1Gloves 20% off
All Women's Kid Gloves 25 off
All Cloth Gloves 20% off

MEN'S SHIRTS

Men's Shirts with collars 2.75 for	1.95
3.50 Shirts for	2.75
1.50 Boys' Shirts for	1.00
5.12 Men's Wool Pants	3.95
4.00 Men's Corduroy "	2.95
3.50 Men's Heavy Cotton	2.50
3.50 Men's Khakia "	2.35
1.85 Men's Work Shirts	1.25
1.25 Boys' Work Shirts	.95
2.65 Men's Overalls	1.85

BOYS' PANTS

2.25 Blue Serge	1.80
1.25 Unfinished Worsted	.75
Heavy Wool Pants, Grey 2.50 value at	1.90
3.00 Pants at 2.50	

All Play Suits 20% Off.

YARNS

.80 2 oz Germantown Worsted	59c ball
.60 1 oz Germantown Zephy	45c ball
.50 1 oz. Silverglow	35c ball

20% off on all Corticilla Yarn.

MASSER BROS. COMPANY

Chronology of the Year 1920

Compiled by E. W. PICKARD

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INTERNATIONAL

Jan. 1—Bolsheviki announced capture of Yekaterinoslav.

Jan. 3—Latvian and Polish troops took Dvinsk from the Bolsheviki.

Jan. 10—Ratifications of peace treaty signed, United States, Greece, China and Roumania not being represented.

Jan. 14—Clemenceau and Lloyd George accepted plan giving Italy sovereignty over Fiume.

Jan. 15—Hungarian delegates were handed the terms of peace.

Jan. 16—Council of League of Nations held first meeting in Paris.

Jan. 17—Supreme council called on Holland to surrender former German emperor for trial.

Jan. 20—Supreme council gave Jugo-Slavia four days to agree to the Fiume settlement.

Clemenceau retired from the council of the League of Nations.

Jan. 23—Holland refused to surrender the former German emperor to the allies.

Jugo-Slavia given more time to reply to proposed Fiume settlement.

Jan. 24—Battle between Poles and Bolsheviki along the Dvina reported.

Jan. 27—General Denikine and staff refugees on British vessel at Constantinople.

Jan. 28—Jugo-Slavia rejected the Adriatic compromise offered by Italy.

Jan. 29—Ukrainians announced they had captured Odessa.

Jan. 31—Vladivostok seized by revolutionists.

Feb. 2—Peace concluded between Esthonia and soviet Russia.

Feb. 3—List of Germans accused of war crimes, headed by former crown prince, handed to German representatives by Allies.

Feb. 6—Russian soviet troops entered Odessa.

Feb. 7—Admiral Kolchak and his premier executed by revolutionists.

Feb. 10—Danes won the plebiscite in North Schleswig.

President Wilson notified allies he would not assent to proposed settlement of Adriatic question.

Feb. 11—Letts declared armistice with soviet Russia.

Feb. 15—Supreme council agreed sultan may remain in Constantinople, under guarantee.

Feb. 19—Allies renewed their demand on Holland for extradition of ex-kaiser. Allies agreed Germany might try the war vandals, reserving the right to try them themselves if results are contrary to justice.

Feb. 21—Premiers of allies sent conciliatory reply to Wilson's note on the Adriatic settlement.

Supreme council decided on internationalization of the Dardanelles and the Bosporus.

Feb. 20—Russian Bolsheviki announced the capture of Archangel.

Feb. 21—Bolsheviki occupied Murmansk.

Feb. 27—Soviet Russia made offer of peace to United States, Japan and Roumania.

March 1—Moscow reported destruction of Denikine's Kuban Cossack corps and also the capture of Stavropol.

March 5—Holland again refused to surrender former kaiser to allies.

March 6—President Wilson again rejected entente plan concerning Adriatic.

March 7—Bolsheviki decisively defeated by Poles at Mozir and Kolenkovits, southeast of Minsk.

April 5—Japanese troops occupied Vladivostok.

April 6—French occupied Frankfort and Darmstadt because Germany was sending too many troops into Ruhr district and was otherwise disregarding the treaty.

April 8—Germany formally protested against French advance.

April 10—Allied premiers in conference at San Remo decided Sultan should remain in Constantinople and the Dardanelles should be internationalized.

April 20—Supreme council, having rescinded assessment on Turkey and Germany, warned Berlin treaty must be carried out, threatening force. President Wilson asked to determine boundaries of Armenia.

April 26—Poles started successful offensive against Bolsheviki in Ukraine.

April 29—Russians in Vladivostok region yielded to all Japan's demands.

May 5—Denmark occupied North Schleswig.

May 8—Kiev taken by the Poles.

May 9—Moscow announced treaty of peace between soviet Russia and republic of Georgia had been concluded.

May 11—Turkish treaty handed to Ottoman delegation.

May 15—French evacuated Frankfort.

May 18—Bolsheviki drove British from Enzeli, Persia, and started counter offensive against the Poles.

May 27—Canada filed reparation claims of $1,807,000,000 against Germany.

May 31—Capture of Recht, most important Caspian seaport, by Bolsheviki announced.

June 1—Japanese broke off negotiations with Bolsheviki for outlet state in Siberia.

June 4—Treaty of peace with Hungary signed.

June 5—Entente tans decided to join Poles in war on soviet Russia.

June 11—Poles evacuated Kiev.

June 21—Bolsheviki opened midsummer drive against Poles.

June 27—Eleventh Bersaglieri regiment of Italy, mutinied at Ancona when ordered to Albania. Other troops overpowered rebels after battle in which many were killed.

June 30—Four hundred Italian troops killed in two-day battle with anarchists at Ancona and Piombino.

July 3—Bolsheviki captured Lemberg, Ukrainia.

July 4—Greeks captured Brussa in Asia Minor from Turks.

July 5—Allied and German representatives met at Spa, Belgium, to discuss disarmament clause of peace treaty.

July 7—Fortress of Rovno in Volhynia captured by Bolsheviki. Poles forced to retreat on 75-mile front.

July 10—Polish forces evacuated Brest-Litovsk, Vilna and Pinsk.

July 11—Allied supreme council agreed to begin negotiations with Russian Bolsheviki to conclude armistice between Bolsheviki and Poles.

Bolsheviki captured city of Minsk from Poles.

July 14—Allies and Germans agreed on coal deliveries.

Lithuania and Russia made peace and former regained towns from Poles.

July 13—Russian soviet government rejected British peace proposals for Poland. New attack by Bolshevik armies repulsed by Poles in Volhynia, but Reds invaded Polish territory at one point.

July 20—Russians suggested peace negotiations direct with the Poles.

July 21—Arabs accepted French terms concerning Syria.

July 22—Poland asked soviet Russia for armistice, and new Polish cabinet was formed with Witos as premier.

July 24—Russia consented to an armistice.

July 25—Russia offered to talk peace with allies if Wrangel surrendered.

French occupied Damascus.

July 26—Greeks took Adrianople, capturing Jafar Tayar.

July 29—Russians took Bialystok and attacked Brest-Litovsk.

July 31—Vilna abandoned to soviet forces.

Peace negotiations began at Baranovichi.

Aug. 1—Fortress of Brest-Litovsk taken by Russians.

Aug. 2—League of Nations council at San Sebastian adopted French plan for international general staff of military experts. Also adopted Root's plan for international court of justice.

Russo-Polish negotiations interrupted. Russians continuing their advance.

Turkish nationalists opened offensive against Greeks in Asia Minor.

Aug. 5—League council adopted international blockade plan.

Aug. 6—Lloyd George issued ultimatum to Russian representatives.

Poles agreed to meet Russians at Minsk to negotiate.

Aug. 8—Bolsheviki rejected British plan for ten-day armistice.

Aug. 9—British labor leaders warned government against war with Poland.

Aug. 10—United States notified Italy it would support Poland "with all available means" against dismemberment; would never recognize the soviet regime, or permit other nations to slice off Russian territory; and suggested withdrawal of Russian troops from Poland and foreign troops from Russia as a means to end present war.

Turkish peace treaty signed.

Aug. 11—French government announced it recognized the Wrangel government in south Russia and would give it aid, and broke off relations with soviet representatives in London.

Latvia and soviet Russia signed peace treaty, and Finland and Russia agreed on an armistice.

Aug. 13—Minsk captured by the Bolsheviki.

Bolsheviki captured Soldau.

Aug. 14—Russo-Polish armistice negotiations opened at Minsk.

Great battle for possession of Warsaw.

Aug. 17—Poles repulsed Russians and launched three counter offensives.

Aug. 18—Danzig corridor cleared of Bolsheviki.

Aug. 19—Russians retreating in disorder from Poland.

Aug. 22—Poles recaptured Bialystok.

Aug. 24—Poles having destroyed or dispersed four of the five Bolshevik armies, rejected Russian peace terms.

Aug. 26—General Wrangel opened great offensive in south Russia, taking Novorossisk and other cities and the Donets coal basin.

Aug. 28—Reds recaptured Grodno and Poles evacuated Bialystok.

Aug. 31—Ukrainians opened drive against the Bolsheviki.

Peace conference at Minsk broke up.

Sept. 1—Budenny's Red army in Galicia destroyed by the Poles.

Sept. 8—Big defeat of Reds by General Wrangel announced.

Sept. 9—D'Annunzio proclaimed "the Italian regency of Quarnero."

Sept. 20—Ninth session of League of Nations council adjourned after persuading Poland and Lithuania to suspend hostilities and arbitrate their differences, and Finland and Sweden to arbitrate concerning the Aland islands.

Poli-Russian peace conference opened at Riga.

Sept. 22—Poles and Lithuanians resumed hostilities.

Oct. 9—Vilna seized by Polish troops under Zeligouski.

Oct. 12—Poland and soviet Russia signed peace treaty.

Wrangel began offensive against new Sixth soviet army.

Oct. 14—Russo-Finnish peace treaty signed.

Oct. 17—Japanese and Korean troops fought in Manchuria.

Defeat of Wrangel near Kakhovka announced.

Nov. 1—Serious defeats of Wrangel's forces announced.

Nov. 10—Italy and Jugo-Slavia reached agreement on Adriatic dispute.

Nov. 12—Complete collapse of Wrangel's forces in the Crimea.

Nov. 15—League of Nations assembly opened first meeting in Geneva; Paul Hymans of Belgium elected president.

Nov. 16—Ukrainians routed by Reds, losing Kiev and other towns.

Spain agreed to join the allies in policing the Vilna district.

Nov. 19—Germany notified League of Nations that the treaty of Versailles had been violated by the allies in the matter of mandates, and demanded her former colonies.

Nov. 21—Scandinavian amendments to League of Nations covenant voted down by committee on general organization. Commission on Armenian situation appointed.

Peace negotiations between Poland and soviet Russia resumed, the Polish troops withdrawing to armistice line.

Nov. 25—League of Nations council asked United States to mediate between Armenia and Mustapha Kemal Pasha.

Nov. 29—Italy started to force D'Annunzio out of Fiume.

President Wilson accepted invitation of league council to mediate between Armenia and the Turks.

Dec. 1—D'Annunzio declared war on Italy.

Austria voted membership in League of Nations.

Russian Reds took Erivan and established soviet rule in Russian Armenia.

Dec. 2—Great Britain, France and Italy warned Greece against restoring Constantine to throne.

Dec. 3—Argentine delegates withdrew from League of Nations assembly because of refusal to consider amendments to covenant.

Armenia and Turkish nationalists signed peace treaty.

Dec. 5—President Wilson declined to appoint American representatives on League of Nations disarmament commission.

Dec. 10—League of Nations assembly postponed until next session decision on naval and economic blockade.

Dec. 12—Russian soviet government protested to Great Britain, France and Italy against their "brutal interference" in the affairs of Greece.

Dec. 13—League of Nations assembly adopted statute for permanent international court of justice.

Holland broke off diplomatic relations with Jugo-Slavia because of "a long series of insults."

Dec. 15—Austria was admitted to the League of Nations. Spain, Brazil, Belgium and China made elective members of the league council.

Dec. 14—Bulgaria, Costa Rica, Finland and Luxemburg admitted to League of Nations.

Dec. 17—Albania admitted to League of Nations.

Dec. 18—Meeting of League of Nations assembly closed.

Dec. 21—Great powers warned Spain against attempts in the cortes to strangle foreign enterprises.

FOREIGN

Jan. 13—Dr. Jose Luis Tamayo elected president of Ecuador.

Great mob attacked reichstag in Berlin and was routed by troops, 25 being killed and scores wounded.

Jan. 17—Paul Deschanel elected president of France.

Jan. 18—Millerand made French premier.

Feb. 6—Active rebellion against Japanese rule broke out in Korea.

Feb. 21—Serious revolution in Honduras.

Feb. 25—Irish home rule bill introduced in parliament.

March 1—Admiral Horthy elected regent of Hungary.

March 8—Overthrow of Ebert government in Berlin, Germany, by counter revolutionists headed by Dr. Wolfgang Kapp and monarchists.

March 15—Council of old German cabinet meeting at Stuttgart, Germany, refused to negotiate with the reactionary faction headed by Dr. Wolfgang Kapp.

March 17—Dr. Wolfgang Kapp resigned as chancellor of Germany.

March 18—Ebert government regained control in Berlin, Doctor Kapp's troops leaving.

March 20—Lord mayor of Cork assassinated by masked persons.

March 21—Three thousand persons killed in fighting at Leipsig, Germany, before Ebert troops captured city.

March 22—Gustav Noske, minister of defense of Germany, resigned.

March 24—German cabinet headed by Premier Bauer resigned.

March 27—Hermann Mueller, premier of new German cabinet.

March 31—Japanese troops stationed at Nikolaevsk, Siberia, defeated in battle with Russian forces; 700 Japanese killed.

April 1—House of commons passed Irish home rule bill, 348 to 94.

Ian Macpherson, chief secretary for Ireland, resigned.

April 2—Ebert government at Berlin reached compromise agreement with workingmen; civil war ended.

April 4—Many government buildings burned by Irish rebels throughout Ireland on Easter Sunday.

April 12—Many noncombatants killed in Guatemala City when Estrada Cabrera government was overthrown by rebels. New government formed with Carlos Herrera as president.

April 20—Hidalgo and Tlaxcala, Mexico, joined the secession movement.

April 22—Former Premier Caillaux of France convicted of having commerce and correspondence with the enemy.

April 23—Mexican revolt spreading. Battle for Chihuahua City won by Carranza troops. American border troops ready for action.

May 8—City of Tampico seized by Huerta revolutionists.

May 7—Rebels occupied Mexico City; Carranza fled.

May 8—Obregon's forces occupied Tampico.

May 11—France government ordered dissolution of General Federation of Labor.

May 14—Joan of Arc canonized by Pope Benedict.

May 20—Venustiano Carranza, acting president of Mexico, killed by former countrymen.

May 26—Adolfo de la Huerta elected provisional president of Mexico.

June 1—Pope announced Catholic sovereigns might visit the king of Italy.

June 5—Seventeen persons killed and scores wounded in civil warfare in Londonderry, Ireland.

July 3—Arthur Meighen, minister of interior of Canada, succeeded Sir Robert Borden as prime minister of Canada.

July 11—President Guerra of Honduras ousted and Baptista Bayadra made provisional president.

July 18—Prince Joachim, youngest son of former kaiser, committed suicide in Berlin.

July 21—Riots broke out in Belfast, lasting several days; ten or more killed.

July 24—Francisco Villa surrendered to the Mexican government.

July 25—Esteban Cantu, governor of Lower California, in rebellion against Mexican government.

July 27—Dr. D. Porras elected president of Panama.

Aug. 6—New Irish coercion law passed by commons.

Aug. 13—Premier Venizelos of Greece wounded by assassins in Paris.

Lord Mayor MacSwiney of Cork and ten assistants arrested while attending a Sinn Fein court.

Aug. 15—Cantu revolt in Lower California, Mexico, ended.

Aug. 16—Dr. Manuel Gondra inaugurated president of Paraguay.

Aug. 29—Carlos Herrera elected president of Guatemala.

Sept. 4—Bolshevist uprisings in Italy; soviet rule established in many industrial plants.

Sept. 5—Obregon elected president of Mexico.

Sept. 15—Paul Daschanel, president of France, resigned.

Sept. 18—Workers in southern Italy seize many industrial plants.

Sept. 20—Fortress of Mantua, Italy, blown up by anarchists.

Sept. 21—City of Balbriggan, Ireland, raided and partly burned by British police.

Sept. 22—Alexandre Millerand elected president of France.

Sept. 24—Georges Leygues made premier of France.

British police in Ireland raided three more towns, making eight in a week.

Sept. 25—Italian workers and employers made agreement and reign of communism in industrial plants ended.

Sept. 29—German wireless station at Nauen, largest in world, officially opened.

Oct. 17—One of Cork hunger strikers died in jail.

Oct. 20—Jugo-Slavia declared a constitutional, hereditary monarchy with the Serbian royal family the reigning dynasty.

Oct. 23—Terence MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork, died of starvation in Brixton prison.

Alexander, king of Greece, died.

Oct. 28—Admiral Coundouriotis elected regent of Greece.

Nov. 2—Alfredo Zayas elected president of Cuba.

Drys badly defeated in Scottish prohibition elections.

Nov. 3—Irish home rule bill passed house of commons.

Nov. 13—Hunger strike of Sinn Fein prisoners called off.

Nov. 14—Venizelos' party defeated in Greek elections.

Nov. 15—Sebastopol captured by the Bolsheviki.

Nov. 17—Venizelos, Greek premier, resigned and Rhallis formed new cabinet.

Nov. 21—Many killed and injured in raids in Dublin following the murder of 14 British officers there.

Nov. 23—Top of Mount Blanc fell off and caused great avalanche.

Nov. 26—Arthur Griffith, acting president of the "Irish republic," and other Irish leaders arrested.

Nov. 27—Big Sinn Fein arson plot in London foiled.

Nov. 28—Irish plotters set fire to several large warehouses on Liverpool water front and killed two men.

Fifteen auxiliary police recruits ambushed by Sinn Feiners near Kilmichael, Ireland.

Dec. 1—Obregon inaugurated president of Mexico.

Dec. 4—Greek people voted for restoration of Constantine.

Dec. 9—Greek government invited Constantine to return to the throne, despite warning by Great Britain, France and Italy.

General raids throughout Cork by British police.

Dec. 9—Dr. Michael Hainisch elected president of Austria.

Dec. 10—Martial law proclaimed in south Ireland.

Dec. 12—Part of Cork's business section burned in reprisal for Sinn Fein raid.

Dec. 15—Negotiations for peace in Ireland broken off by demand that Lloyd George deal with De Valera direct.

King Constantine arrived in Athens.

Dec. 20—Eighteen killed and many wounded in battle between English and Irish in County Tipperary.

Farrow's bank, London, with 75 branches, failed.

DOMESTIC

Jan. 2—Thousands of Reds arrested in many cities. Raids continued daily.

Taking of the census begun.

Jan. 3—Department of Justice revealed radical plot to overthrow the government.

War Finance corporation announced loans of $7,000,000 to aid exporters.

Jan. 6—Kentucky and Rhode Island ratified suffrage amendment.

Jan. 7—Five Socialists were denied their seats in New York legislature.

Jan. 8—Democratic national committee selected San Francisco for the convention, opening June 28.

Jan. 10—House of representatives again denied Victor Berger his seat.

Senate passed Sterling sedition bill.

Jan. 14—Oregon ratified suffrage amendment.

Jan. 17—National prohibition amendment to Constitution in effect.

Jan. 21—David F. Houston appointed secretary of the treasury and Edwin T. Meredith of Iowa secretary of agriculture.

Henry P. Fletcher resigned as ambassador to Mexico.

Jan. 23—South Carolina refused to ratify suffrage amendment.

Feb. 6—Virginia senate rejected federal suffrage amendment.

Feb. 7—Secretary of the Interior Lane resigned, effective March 1.

Feb. 12—Arizona ratified suffrage amendment.

Feb. 13—John Barton Payne, Chicago, appointed secretary of the interior.

Secretary of State Lansing resigned at the request of President Wilson.

National American Suffrage association opened its last convention in Chicago.

Feb. 16—Subcommittee of house reported great extravagance, waste and incompetence in aircraft production, severely criticising Secretary Baker, Colonel Disque and Director Ryan.

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Farrow's bank, London, with 75 branches, failed.

March 15—United States senate adopted new Article X reservation to peace treaty by vote of 49 to 35.

United States Supreme court granted permission to state of New Jersey to institute original proceedings to test validity of prohibition amendment.

John Barton Payne retired as chairman of shipping board and was sworn in as secretary of interior.

March 17—United States senate adopted resolution by vote of 48 to 35 declaring for self-determination for Ireland.

House of representatives passed army appropriation bill providing for army of 280,000 enlisted men and 17,000 officers.

March 19—German peace treaty with league covenant failed of ratification in senate.

March 20—Truman H. Newberry, junior United States senator from Michigan, and 16 others convicted by jury at Grand Rapids, Mich., of having conspired criminally in 1918 to violate election laws. Newberry fined $10,000 and sentenced to imprisonment for two years.

March 23—Bainbridge Colby sworn in as secretary of state.

Government control of bituminous coal withdrawn by President Wilson, effective April 1.

April 21—Director General of Railroads Hines resigned, effective May 15.

April 26—Supreme Court declared the Reading company and certain of its subsidiaries an illegal combination.

May 13—Socialists nominated Eugene Debs for president and Seymour Stedman for vice president.

May 16—Senate adopted Knox peace resolution.

May 18—Secretary of the Interior Payne made director general of railroads.

May 21—House adopted senate peace resolution.

May 24—President Wilson asked congress for authority to accept the mandate for Armenia.

Investigation of presidential campaign expenses begun by the senate.

May 27—President Wilson vetoed Knox peace resolution.

May 28—Water power conservation bill passed by congress.

June 1—United States Supreme court decided ratification of a constitutional amendment is not subject to submission to popular referendum.

Senate decided to give President authority to accept Armenian mandate.

June 4—President Wilson vetoed budget bill. Congress passed bill increasing pay of postal employees.

Undersecretary of State Frank Polk resigned.

June 5—Congress adjourned. President Wilson letting several important measures die without his signature.

June 7—United States Supreme court declared valid both the prohibition amendment and the Volstead enforcement act.

June 8—Republican national convention opened in Chicago.

June 12—Republicans nominated Warren G. Harding of Ohio for president and Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts for vice president.

July 6—Democrats in San Francisco nominated James M. Cox of Ohio for President and Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, for vice president.

July 14—Parley P. Christensen, Salt Lake City, nominated for president by Farmer-Labor party in Chicago, after bolt by committee of forty-eight and single tickers.

July 9—George White, Marietta, Ohio, elected chairman Democratic national committee.

July 21—Prohibitionists opened national convention in Lincoln, Neb., and nominated W. J. Bryan for president by acclamation.

July 22—Bryan declining, the Prohibitionists nominated Aaron S. Watkins of Ohio for president and D. Leigh Colvin of New York for vice president.

Senator Harding notified of nomination by Republicans.

July 27—Governor Coolidge notified of vice presidential nomination.

July 31—Interstate commerce commission authorized freight, passenger and Pullman rate increase amounting to about a billion and a half annually.

Aug. 2—Twenty Communist Labor leaders found guilty of sedition in Chicago.

Aug. 5—Fatal anti-foreign riots in West Frankfort, Ill.; state troops sent.

Street car strike riots in Denver; several persons killed.

Aug. 7—Governor Cox formally notified of his nomination.

Aug. 13—Increase of 12½ per cent in express rates authorized by interstate commerce commission.

Aug. 18—Tennessee, the last state necessary, ratified woman suffrage amendment.

Aug. 26—Ratification of suffrage amendment proclaimed by Secretary of State Colby.

Sept. 13—Maine went Republican by 65,000.

Sept. 16—Terrific explosion at Wall and Broad streets, New York, laid to Reds; thirty persons killed and 200 injured.

Sept. 21—Three Socialists, re-elected to New York assembly, ousted; two seated, but resigned.

Sept. 24—W. A. Ketcham, Indianapolis, elected commander in chief of G. A. R.

President Wilson declined to abrogate trade treaties, as asked by congress in the merchant marine act.

Sept. 29—Col. J. W. Galbraith, jr., Cincinnati, elected national commander of the American Legion.

Walter Dill Scott elected president of Northwestern university.

Oct. 7—The 1920 population of continental United States announced as 105,683,108.

Nov. 2—Warren G. Harding and Calvin Coolidge elected President and vice president of United States; Republican landslide.

California voters indorsed the anti-alien land law.

Nov. 25—Irish mob in New York attacked Union League club because British flag was flying.

Dec. 3—Secretary of State Colby started on formal visit to South America.

Dec. 6—Congress began the short session.

Dec. 7—Nobel peace prize awarded to President Wilson.

President Wilson's message to congress urged independence for the Philippines and a loan to Armenia.

Dec. 9—C. J. Vopicka resigned as United States minister to the Balkan states.

Rear Admiral Henry T. Mayo retired.

Dec. 13—House passed bill suspending immigration for 14 months.

House adopted resolution repealing war-time laws.

Senate adopted resolution for revival of war finance corporation to aid the farmers.

Dec. 14—Government crop report showed shrinkage in values of nearly five billion dollars compared with 1919.

Dec. 16—Senate passed bill authorizing farmers' co-operative marketing associations.

Dec. 15—Senate passed bill forbidding strikes on railroads.

Dec. 20—Permanent merger of four express companies authorized by interstate commerce commission.

INDUSTRIAL

Jan. 3—Steel strike called off by workers' committee.

Jan. 20—General railway strike in Italy; martial law in principal cities.

Feb. 9—Three hundred thousand members of Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees and Railway Shop Laborers ordered to strike February 17.

Feb. 11—Director General Hines refused to raise wages of railway employees and dispute was referred to the President.

Feb. 14—Rail unions agreed to hold wage demands and strike in abeyance as asked by President Wilson.

March 1—French railway strike settled.

March 3—Two thousand railway express employees at Chicago struck.

March 20—One thousand clerks employed in Chicago city hall on strike for increased wages.

March 31—Bituminous coal miners accepted 27 per cent wage increase and eight-hour day awarded by President Wilson's coal commission.

April 1—Chicago city hall clerks ended strike; granted wage increase.

April 5—Nine thousand switchmen employed by eleven railroads in Chicago struck; freight traffic tied up.

Five thousand coal miners in Illinois and Kansas struck because of dissatisfaction with wage awards.

April 9—Chicago switchmen's strike spread to all cities.

April 13—President Wilson appointed railroad board to settle railroad wage question.

April 16—Federal officers arrested thirty leaders of rail strikers at Chicago on charges of interference with movement of mails and violations of Lever act.

June 7—Fortieth annual convention of American Federation of Labor opened in Montreal.

June 8—Samuel Gompers re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor for thirty-ninth time.

July 20—United States labor board awarded six hundred millions increase in wages to all classes of railway workers, about half what was asked.

July 22—Rail unions ordered referendum vote on wage award.

July 24—Illinois coal miners on strike.

July 25—Indiana and Kansas coal miners struck.

July 28—International Harvester company announced it would pay its employees 40 per cent of its profits after 7 per cent had been paid on invested capital.

July 31—Striking miners ordered back to work.

Aug. 16—Wage increases totaling more than $200,000,000 awarded employees of American Railway Express by United States railway labor board.

Aug. 29—New York street car men struck.

Sept. 1—Outlaw strike paralyzed the anthracite fields.

Sept. 12—Outlaw strike of railway men in Chicago district ended.

Oct. 15—Coal miners of Great Britain struck, demoralizing the nation's industries.

Nov. 3—British mine strike called off.

Dec. 12—New England cotton mills reduced wages of 100,000 workers about 22½ per cent.

Dec. 17—Several big industrial concerns announced wage reductions and discontinuance or reduction of dividends.

NECROLOGY

Jan. 1—Thomas Hume, millionaire lumberman, at Muskegon, Mich.

Jan. 2—Paul Adam, French novelist.

Jan. 14—Charles E. Magoon, former governor of canal zone.

John F. Dodge, automobile manufacturer, of Detroit.

Jan. 16—Reginald De Koven, American composer.

Jan. 24—Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, author, at Yonkers, N. Y.

Jan. 27—J. B. Wilson, Texas cattle magnate.

Feb. 4—E. P. Ripley, chairman of Santa Fe railway, at Santa Barbara, Cal.

O. C. Barber, founder of Diamond Match company, at Barberton, O.

Feb. 8—Rev. James B. Buckley, editor Christian Advocate, at Morristown, N. J.

Feb. 10—C. F. Gunther, pioneer candy manufacturer of Chicago, and art connoisseur.

Feb. 12—Julius Chambers, author and explorer, in New York.

Feb. 13—Brig. Gen. P. W. Davison, U. S. A.

Feb. 20—Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., discoverer of north pole.

Feb. 22—Maj. W. P. Pullman, superintendent of Washington police.

Feb. 24—Franklin Murphy, former governor of New Jersey.

Feb. 25—John C. Olmsted, famous landscape architect, at Brookline, Mass.

March 1—United States Senator John H. Bankhead of Alabama.

March 4—George D. Smith, noted authority on rare books, in New York.

March 15—Former Senator Henry W. Blair of New Hampshire in Washington.

March 15—Albert Rouillier, artist and collector of rare prints, at Chicago.

March 25—Dr. Thomas H. Owen, director of department of archives and history of Alabama, at Montgomery, Ala.

William Thomas Smedley, American artist, at New York.

March 31—Edwin Warfield, former governor of Maryland, at Baltimore.

April 1—Dr. William Martin, medical director United States navy, retired, at San Francisco.

April 4—Bishop Mathew S. Hughes of Portland, Ore., at Cleveland.

April 5—Dr. John L. Brashear, former chancellor of University of Pittsburgh, and astronomer.

April 10—Judge Richard S. Tuthill, at Chicago.

April 12—Most Rev. John Baptist Crozier, archbishop of Armagh and primate of all Ireland.

April 14—Roger C. Sullivan, Democratic leader, at Chicago.

April 15—Theodore N. Vail, chairman of American Telephone and Telegraph company, at Baltimore.

April 26—Miss Marjorie Benton Cooke, American author, at Manila.

May 4—R. J. Belford, publisher, at Los Angeles.

May 9—Bishop J. H. Vincent, founder of the Chautauqua assembly and of the Rockefeller foundation, in Chicago.

May 11—William Dean Howells, in New York.

May 16—Levi P. Morton, former vice president.

May 17—Col. W. O'A. Mann, inventor and publisher, in Morristown, N. J.

May 18—Dr. John N. Stockwell, noted astronomer, in Cleveland, O.

June 1—Rear Admiral W. W. Hendrickson, U. S. N.

June 3—Dr. Charles Augustus Stoddard, noted author, in New York.

June 5—Rear Admiral Winterhalter, U. S. N.

Rhoda Broughton, British novelist.

June 14—Mme. Rejane, famous French actress.

Crown prince of Siam.

June 18—George W. Perkins, financier, at Stamford, Conn.

July 4—Maj. Gen. William C. Gorgas, former surgeon general of United States army, in London.

Representative Dick T. Morgan of Eighth Oklahoma district.

July 10—Lord John Arbuthnot Fisher, first lord of British admiralty.

July 11—Ex-Empress Eugenie, last empress of France, at Madrid, Spain.

July 12—Rear Admiral Henry Tudor Brownell Harris, U. S. N., at Southampton, England.

July 21—Arthur J. Eddy, Chicago, author, art critic and lawyer.

July 22—William K. Vanderbilt, in Paris.

July 28—W. M. Reedy, editor and publisher of the Mirror, of St. Louis.

Aug. 1—J. Frank Hanley, former governor of Indiana, killed in auto accident.

Marquis of Queensberry, in Johannesburg.

Aug. 2—Isham Randolph, noted civil engineer, in Chicago.

Dr. Luis Galvin, Dominican minister to United States.

Aug. 6—Commander C. M. Howe, U.S.N.

Rev. Dr. H. C. Herring, general secretary national council of Congregational churches.

Aug. 9—J. E. McCall, United States district judge for western Tennessee.

Aug. 10—James O'Neill, veteran American actor.

Rear Admiral E. H. Gheen, U. S. N., retired.

Aug. 12—Walter Winans, noted American artist and sportsman, in London.

Aug. 16—Sir Norman Lockyer, eminent scientist, at Sidmouth, England.

Aug. 20—Mme. Etelka Gerster, famous soprano, in Italy.

Aug. 23—Andreas Zorn, famous Swedish painter.

Au. 25—James Wilson, former secretary of agriculture, at Traer, Iowa.

Aug. 29—Cardinal Amette, archbishop of Paris.

Sept. 2—Cardinal Mendez, archbishop of Toledo and primate of Spain.

Sept. 17—Egerton Castle, English novelist.

Sept. 20—George Nasmyth, American sociologist, at Geneva.

Sept. 21—Dr. Eric Doolittle, noted astronomer, in Philadelphia.

Sept. 26—S. P. Avery, art patron and philanthropist, at Hartford, Conn.

Jacob H. Schiff, New York banker and philanthropist.

Oct. 2—W. Murray Crane, United States senator, at Dalton, Mass.

Oct. 6—Miguel de Palacios, noted Spanish author.

Oct. 10—Rev. Dr. H. Stuck, archdeacon of the Yukon.

Oct. 13—Mrs. Ogden Mills, social leader in New York and Paris.

C. M. Alexander, famous evangelist, in Birmingham, England.

J. G. Snyddiker, Chicago capitalist and art connoisseur.

Oct. 16—Howard H. Gross, president Universal Military Training league, in Chicago.

Oct. 17—General Leman, defender of Liege against the Germans.

John Reed, American writer.

Oct. 18—Federal Judge A. L. Sanborn, at Madison, Wis.

Oct. 19—Jay Rial, prominent theatrical and circus man, at Winston-Salem, N. C.

Oct. 23—Oliver Dunn Byron, veteran American actor.

Oct. 24—Stephen S. Gregory, eminent Chicago lawyer.

Oct. 25—Alexander, king of Greece.

Nov. 1—Thos R. Jernigan, orientalist and former American consul at Shanghai.

Nov. 2—Louise Imogen Guiney, American poet and essayist, in England.

Nov. 3—G. W. Stevens, president Chesapeake and Ohio railroad.

Nov. 9—Ludwig III, former king of Bavaria.

Maj. E. W. MacClaughry, former warden of Leavenworth and Joliet penitentiaries.

Nov. 10—Henry Theis, noted German historian.

Rear Admiral T. B. Howard, U. S. N., retired.

Nov. 14—Alston Ellis, president of Ohio university.

Nov. 15—Thomas Shields Clarke, sculptor and painter, in New York.

Nov. 18—Franklin Fort, former governor of New Jersey.

Thomas J. Coolidge, former minister to France, at Boston.

Nov. 21—George W. Brock, noted mural decorator.

Nov. 23—Commodore E. C. Benedict of New York.

Mrs. Margaret Brewster, writer, in Modesto, Cal.

Nov. 24—Jake L. Hamon, Republican national committeeman from Oklahoma.

W. A. F. Ekengren, Swedish minister to United States.

Nov. 28—James J. Reynolds, noted railway builder and engineer, in Chicago.

Nov. 29—Eugene W. Chafin, prohibition leader, at Long Beach, Cal.

Dec. 3—Francis Lynde Stetson, eminent attorney of New York.

Dec. 10—Horace E. Dodge, automobile manufacturer, in Palm Beach.

Marquis Della Chiesa, brother of the pope.

Dec. 12—Olive Schreiner, novelist.

Dec. 16—Cyrus Beard, chief justice of Wyoming supreme court.

Dec. 17—Lieut. Pat O'Brien, famous American war aviator, committed suicide.

Horatio W. Seymour, noted journalist, in New York.

Dec. 16—Mrs. Helen E. Starrett, noted American educator.

Dec. 20—Rt. Rev. Charles Summer Burch, Protestant Episcopal bishop of New York.

DISASTERS

Jan. 3—Earthquake in Mexico killed many persons and did vast damage.

Feb. 3—Disastrous storm swept Atlantic coast of United States.

March 28—Nearly 200 persons killed and hundreds injured by tornado which swept Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Alabama and Georgia. Several million dollars' property damage.

April 11—Three hundred killed, many injured in explosion of munition dump at Bothenstein, East Prussia.

April 29—Scores killed by tornadoes in Mississippi, Alabama and Tennessee.

May 2—Fifty-nine killed by tornado in Cherokee county, Oklahoma.

Aug. 15—Great floods in Japan with heavy loss of life.

Sept. 7—Earthquake in northern Italy destroyed many towns and killed 171.

Sept. 9—More destructive earthquake shocks in Italy.

Sept. 30—Million dollar fire on Galveston water front.

Dec. 3—Disastrous earthquakes in Chile and Central America.

Dec. 16—Earthquake destroyed towns along Argentine slope of the Andes; 400 killed.

SPORTS

Jan. 18—A. Haugen of Colorado won the international ski tournament at Cary, Ill.

Jan. 30—Joe Stecher won heavyweight wrestling championship from Earl Caddock.

Feb. 4—W. B. Huey won world's amateur three-cushion championship at Chicago.

March 5—Percy Collins of Chicago won national amateur 18-2 billiard championship.

March 15—Walter Hagen of Detroit won west coast open golf championship at Bellair Heights, Fla., when he completed 72 holes in 292 strokes.

May 1—Kentucky Derby won by Paul Jones.

May 31—Chevrolet won 500-mile automobile race at Indianapolis.

July 2—William T. Tilden of Philadelphia won British lawn tennis championship in singles at Wimbledon.

July 16—Shamrock won first of America's cup races, owing to accident to Resolute.

July 17—Charles Evans, Jr., won western amateur golf championship.

July 20—Shamrock won second race for America's cup.

July 21—Resolute defeated Shamrock in third race.

July 23—Resolute won fourth race.

July 24—Mark Airie, Illinois, won Olympic trap-shooting championship.

July 27—Resolute won fifth race and the America's cup.

Aug. 3—United States won Olympic target shooting contest.

Aug. 5—Jock Hutchinson won western open golf championship.

Aug. 13—Edward Ray of England won American open golf championship.

Aug. 22—